

Credit Corp Group Limited ABN 33 092 697 151

APPENDIX 4E AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### CONTENTS

- 3 Appendix 4E Preliminary final report
- 6 Corporate governance statement
- 12 Directors' report
- 17 Directors' report audited remuneration report
- 27 Auditor's independence declaration
- 28 Consolidated statement of profit or loss
- 29 Consolidated statement of comprehensive income
- 30 Consolidated statement of financial position
- 31 Consolidated statement of changes in equity
- 32 Consolidated statement of cash flows
- 33 Notes to the consolidated financial statements
- 33 1 Corporate information
- 33 2 Significant accounting policies
- 37 3 Revenue
- 37 4 Income tax expense
- 37 5 Earnings per share
- 38 6 Dividends paid and proposed
- 38 7 Auditor's remuneration
- 38 8 Cash and cash equivalents
- 39 9 Trade and other receivables
- 39 10 Consumer loans receivables
- 40 11 Purchased debt ledgers
- 40 12 Other assets
- 40 13 Property, plant and equipment
- 41 14 Tax assets and liabilities
- 42 15 Intangible assets
- 42 16 Trade and other payables
- 42 17 Provisions
- 43 18 Borrowings
- 43 19 Cash flow information
- 44 20 Issued capital
- 44 21 Capital management
- 45 22 Reserves
- 45 23 Subsidiaries
- 46 24 Operating segments
- 47 25 Contingent liabilities
- 47 26 Leasing commitments
- 47 27 Capital commitments
- 47 28 Subsequent events
- 47 29 Key management personnel compensation
- 48 30 Related party transactions
- 48 31 Share-based payments
- 48 32 Financial risk management
- 52 33 Cross guarantee
- 55 34 Parent entity information
- 56 Directors' declaration
- 57 Independent auditor's report
- 62 Five-year financial summary
- 63 Corporate directory

### APPENDIX 4E PRELIMINARY FINAL REPORT

For the year ended 30 June 2016

#### 1) Details of the reporting period and the previous corresponding period

Current period:	1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016
Prior corresponding period:	1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015

#### 2) Results for announcement to the market

<ul> <li>2.1 Revenue</li> <li>226,742</li> <li>191,049</li> <li>2.2 Profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members</li> <li>45,921</li> <li>38,411</li> <li>2.3 Profit attributable to members of the Group</li> <li>45,921</li> <li>38,411</li> <li>2.4 Dividends per ordinary share</li> <li>per security</li> <li>Interim 2016 ordinary</li> <li>Einal 2016 ordinary (declared, not yet provided at 30 June 2016)</li> <li>27.00 cents</li> <li>2.5 Record date for determining entitlement to the final dividend: The record date for the final dividend is 19 October 2016.</li> <li>2.6 Commentary: Please refer to the 2016 Media Release and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for explanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for explanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>4) Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	19%
<ul> <li>2.3 Profit attributable to members of the Group</li> <li>45,921</li> <li>38,411</li> <li>2.4 Dividends per ordinary share</li> <li>Interim 2016 ordinary</li> <li>Final 2016 ordinary</li> <li>(declared, not yet provided at 30 June 2016)</li> <li>27.00 cents</li> <li>2.5 Record date for determining entitlement to the final dividend: The record date for the final dividend is 19 October 2016.</li> <li>2.6 Commentary: Please refer to the 2016 Media Release and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for explanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for</li> <li>4) Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>2.4 Dividends per ordinary share per security</li> <li>Interim 2016 ordinary</li> <li>Final 2016 ordinary (declared, not yet provided at 30 June 2016)</li> <li>27.00 cents</li> <li>2.5 Record date for determining entitlement to the final dividend: The record date for the final dividend is 19 October 2016.</li> <li>2.6 Commentary: Please refer to the 2016 Media Release and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for explanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.</li> <li>4) Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	20%
<ul> <li>2.4 Dividends per ordinary share per security</li> <li>Interim 2016 ordinary (23.00 cents)</li> <li>Final 2016 ordinary (declared, not yet provided at 30 June 2016)</li> <li>27.00 cents</li> <li>2.5 Record date for determining entitlement to the final dividend: The record date for the final dividend is 19 October 2016.</li> <li>2.6 Commentary: Please refer to the 2016 Media Release and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for texplanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.</li> <li>4) Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	20%
<ul> <li>Final 2016 ordinary (declared, not yet provided at 30 June 2016) 27.00 cents</li> <li>2.5 Record date for determining entitlement to the final dividend: The record date for the final dividend is 19 October 2016.</li> <li>2.6 Commentary: Please refer to the 2016 Media Release and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for explanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for the second statement of the Consolidated Financial Statement of Comprehensive income</li> <li>A Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>The record date for the final dividend is 19 October 2016.</li> <li>2.6 Commentary: Please refer to the 2016 Media Release and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for explanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.</li> <li>4) Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Please refer to the 2016 Media Release and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016 for explanation of the figures presented at 2.1 – 2.4 above.</li> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.</li> <li>4) Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>3) Statement of comprehensive income Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.</li> <li>4) Statement of financial position</li> </ul>	urther
Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.	
<ol> <li>Statement of cash flows</li> <li>Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.</li> </ol>	
6) Statement of changes in equity Please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.	
7) Dividend details	
CentsTotalKey informationper share\$'000	
Ordinary share capital	
Year ended 30 June 2016	<b>•</b> • • • • • •
Interim 2016 ordinary         23.00         10,752           Final 2015 ordinary         22.00         10,233	
Total 20,985	
Year ended 30 June 2015           Interim 2015 ordinary         22.00         10,185	6 Mar 15
Final 2014 ordinary         22.00         10,165           20.00         9,259	
Total 19,444	

All the dividends were fully franked.

There is no provision for the final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2016. Provisions for dividends to be paid by the Group are recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability and a reduction in retained earnings when the dividend has been declared.

### APPENDIX 4E PRELIMINARY FINAL REPORT

For the year ended 30 June 2016

#### 8) Dividend or distribution reinvestment plan details

During the 2016 financial year, \$4.39 million was raised under the Group's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP). The DRP is now suspended and is not available in respect of the final 2016 financial year dividend.

#### 9) Net tangible assets (NTA) per ordinary share

Security	30 June 2016 cents	30 June 2015 cents
NTA per ordinary share	453.92	387.30

#### Control gained or lost over entities in the financial year There was no control gained or lost over entities during the financial year.

Investments in associates and joint ventures
 No investments in associates and joint ventures are held by the Group.

#### 12) Other significant information Please refer to the 2016 Media Release, 2016 Results Presentation and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.

- 13) Foreign entities, applicable accounting standards used Not applicable as Credit Corp Group Limited is not a foreign entity.
- 14) Commentary on the results for the financial year Please refer to the 2016 Media Release, 2016 Results Presentation and the Consolidated Financial Statements – 30 June 2016.
- **15)** Statement as to whether the financial statements have been audited The financial statements have been audited. The audit opinion is ungualified.
- **16)** Statement of financial statements that are not audited Not applicable as the financial statements are audited.



# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This statement relates to the year under review.

Credit Corp Group Limited (the Group) maintains policies and practices to comply closely with the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition) released by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW**

The Board of Directors of the Group is responsible for the corporate governance of the Consolidated Group. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of the Group on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

The Credit Corp Group Limited Corporate Governance Statement, which has been approved by the Board, is structured with reference to the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations with 2014 amendments, and is summarised below.

#### PRINCIPLE ONE: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

#### **Board responsibilities**

The Board's roles and responsibilities are formalised in the Board Charter, which is published on the Group's website. The Board reserves to itself all functions that are likely to have a material impact on the performance and reputation of the Group.

The following functions are reserved to the Board:

- Providing leadership and setting the strategic objectives of the Group;
- Appointing the Chairperson;
- Appointing and where necessary replacing the Chief Executive Officer (CEO);
- Approving the appointment and when necessary the replacement of other senior executives;
- Monitoring senior management's performance, implementation of strategy and allocation of resources;
- Overseeing management's implementation of the Group's strategic objectives and its performance generally;
- Overseeing the integrity of the Group's accounting and corporate reporting systems, including external audit;
- Overseeing the Group's process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information concerning the Group that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Group's securities;
- Ensuring the Group has in place an appropriate risk management framework and setting the risk appetite within which the Board expects management to operate;
- Approving the Group's remuneration framework;
- Approving and monitoring the corporate governance of the Group; and
- Approving and monitoring operating budgets, major capital expenditure and financial and other reporting.

#### Management responsibilities

The Delegation of Authority Policy detailing functions delegated to management is published on the Group's website. All matters not specifically reserved to the Board and necessary for the day-to-day operation of the Group are delegated to management.

The following functions are delegated to management:

- Formulating, recommending and implementing the strategic direction of the Group;
- Translating the approved Strategic Plan into operating budgets and performance objectives;
- Managing the Group's human, physical and financial resources to achieve the Group's objectives;
- Operating within the delegated authority limits set by the Board;
- Assuming the day-to-day responsibility for the Group's conformance with relevant laws and regulations and its compliance framework and all other aspects of the day-today running of the Group;
- Performing against established Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) to deliver the objectives of the Group;
- Developing, implementing and managing the Group's risk management and internal compliance and control systems and operating within the risk appetite set by the Board;
- Developing, implementing and updating policies and procedures;
- Advising the Board promptly of any material matters impacting or potentially impacting the Group's operations;
- Providing the Board with accurate, timely and clear information to enable the Board to perform its responsibilities; and
- Keeping abreast of industry and economic trends in the Group's operating environment.

#### Appointment of new directors

The Board has the responsibility for the selection and nomination to shareholders of new or retiring directors. The Group's Appointment of Directors Policy is published on its website and sets out the Group's policy for the selection, appointment and re-election of directors.

Where a candidate is recommended by an independent executive search organisation, the Board will assess that candidate against a range of criteria, including skills, experience, expertise, personal qualities and cultural fit with the Board and the Group. If these criteria are met and the Board appoints the candidate as a director, that director will confirm his or her appointment at the next Annual General Meeting (AGM) and all material information in the Group's possession that is relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect the director is provided to shareholders.

New directors are provided with written agreement in the form of a formal letter of appointment setting out the key terms and conditions of employment, including their duties and responsibilities and requirement to disclose interests affecting independence.

#### Accountability of Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

#### **Diversity report**

The Group recognises the important contribution that people of various cultural backgrounds, ethnicity, experience, gender and age make to the Group. Diversity includes all characteristics that make individuals different from each other, including characteristics such as religion, race, ethnicity, language, gender, sexual orientation, disability, age or any other area of potential difference. The Group's diverse workforce is in fact a key to continued growth and improved operating performance. In particular, employees of diverse backgrounds and experience are able to provide exceptional customer service to our equally diverse customer base.

In order to attract and retain a diverse workforce to service our diverse customer base, the Group is committed to providing an environment where employees are treated with fairness and respect, and have equal access to development and promotion opportunities within the Group.

The Group has established a Diversity Policy, which outlines the Board's measurable objectives to achieve diversity. A summary of the policy is available on the Group's website.

Measurement of progress against these diversity objectives occurs annually by the Board.

The table below sets out these diversity objectives and the progress made towards achieving them in 2016. The Board will review these objectives in the 2017 year and report on progress being made towards their achievement.

Objectives	Progress in achieving objectives
Provide equal opportunities for candidates, regardless of their cultural, gender, or any other differences.	<ul> <li>The primary goal of the Group's assessment centre is to maximise objectivity in the decision making process for frontline employees.</li> </ul>
gender, or any other differences.	<ul> <li>The Group continues to assess and recruit all frontline candidates against a set of core competencies.</li> </ul>
Retain and encourage a diverse workforce at all levels of the Group.	<ul> <li>The Group continues to reflect significant gender diversity, including within management levels. The percentage of females in the Group is as follows:</li> <li>Board 20%</li> <li>Executive management 17%</li> <li>Senior management 38%</li> <li>Frontline management 55%</li> <li>The Group's workforce 52%</li> <li>Over the year a number of employees worked under flexible work arrangements to balance family and other commitments with their employment. During the reporting period 4% of the Group's workforce utilised a flexible work</li> </ul>
	arrangement.
Provide development opportunities for employees, regardless of cultural, gender or any other differences.	<ul> <li>The Group provides nationally recognised accredited training to all eligible employees.</li> <li>Leadership training was provided to all employees in management positions during the year.</li> <li>Documented career pathways were implemented for frontline supervisors to support their progression into management roles.</li> </ul>
Promote an inclusive culture where all employees are treated with respect and fairness.	<ul> <li>Each year the Group reiterates its zero tolerance policy towards any discrimination, bullying or victimisation of employees with clear escalation channels through which any concerns can be raised.</li> <li>Annual online training promotes the Group's expectations and educates employees on their part in creating the inclusive culture.</li> <li>The annual employee engagement survey was conducted, which enables the Group to gather data on issues relating specifically to equality, respect and fairness and in turn use this data to set measurable goals.</li> </ul>
Ensure internal promotion decisions within the Group are merit-based in relation to each role.	<ul> <li>Recruitment procedures were implemented for selection into frontline supervisory and management development programs to maximise objectivity in the decision making process.</li> <li>This includes the introduction of a panel of senior management from HR and Operations to take part in the decision making process.</li> </ul>

#### Board and committees' performance reviews

The Board reviews its performance on a regular basis, including Board documentation and process and committee performance, in accordance with the Performance Management Policy, which is available on the Group's website. The Board uses surveys for the purpose of its internal Board and committee performance reviews. Those reviews are to ensure that individual directors and the Board work effectively in meeting their responsibilities as described in the Board and Committee Charters. The Board conducted an internal review in the 2016 financial year.

#### Executives' performance reviews

The performance of all key executives is reviewed annually against the Group's performance and individual KPIs.

The performance review of the CEO is undertaken by the Chairman of the Board, reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board. The performance reviews of other executives are undertaken by the CEO and approved by the Remuneration Committee. Performance reviews for each executive were conducted in 2016.

#### PRINCIPLE TWO: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

#### **Nomination Committee**

The full Board performs the role of Nomination Committee as, in its opinion, only minimal benefit will accrue to the Group from having a separate committee.

#### **Board composition**

The term held by each director in office at the date of this report is as follows:

Name	Term in office	Independent
Mr Donald McLay (Chairman) Mr Simon Calleia	8.5 years	Independent
(until 30 November 2015)	16 years	Not independent
Mr Eric Dodd	7 years	Independent
Ms Leslie Martin	2.5 years	Independent
Mr Robert Shaw	8.5 years	Independent
Mr Richard Thomas	10 years	Independent

The Chairman of the Board is Mr Donald McLay, an independent director. The CEO of the Group, Mr Thomas Beregi, is not a director of the Group.

The Board regularly reviews the independence of each director and requires directors to promptly advise of any change in circumstances that may affect their independence as a director. Any change in circumstances that materially affects their independence as a director will be disclosed promptly. There are procedures in place, agreed by the Board, to enable directors to seek independent professional advice in the carrying out of their duties, at the Group's expense.

During the 2016 financial year, a majority of the Board members are considered to be independent and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the unfettered exercise of their independent judgement.

#### **Board skills**

The Board considers that the directors bring professional skills, knowledge and experience as well as personal attributes which enable the Board to operate effectively and meet its responsibilities to the Group and stakeholders. The skills and experience of each director are detailed in the Directors' report and are also summarised in the following skills matrix:

Board skills matrix		Areas of substantial experience
Executive and	Directorship experience	5
non-executive experience	Board Chair experience	5
	Board Sub-committee Chair experience	5
	Senior management experience	5
-	Offshore senior management experience	3
Industry experience	Banking	5
	Broader financial services, including insurance and funds management	4
	Capital markets	3
	Other industry experience	5
Strategy	Experience in strategic planning and implementation of strategy	5
	Mergers and acquisitions experience	4
	Capital raising experience	4
	Information technology, strategy and systems implementation	3
Governance	Experience in establishing and monitoring / assessing effectiveness of governance structures	4
	Professional industry qualifications	5
Risk management	Experience in managing areas of major risk to the organisation, i.e. financial, environmental, regulatory, workplace health and safety, social and technology	5
	Experience in managing sophisticated risk hedging strategies and products	3
People management	Experience in remuneration and the associated legislative / governance framework	5
and remuneration	Experience in managing people	5
Finance and accounting	Professional industry qualifications	3
	Experience with accounting standards	3
	Experience in reviewing and analysing financial statements	4
	Experience in analysing financial drivers and business models	5

#### Induction of new directors

New directors undergo an induction program which includes meetings with members of management, the Chairman of the Board and the Chairmen of each relevant committee to gain an insight into the Group's business, values and culture.

#### PRINCIPLE THREE: ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

#### Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct adopted by the Group is a key element of the Group's corporate governance framework and its purpose is to guide directors, executives and employees on the minimum standards of conduct expected of them in the performance of their duties, including their dealings with customers, clients, shareholders, employees and other stakeholders.

Compliance with the Code of Conduct is a condition of appointment as a director of, an employee of, or a contractor to, the Group.

This Code of Conduct is published on the Group's website.

#### PRINCIPLE FOUR: SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

#### Audit and Risk Committee

The Board has formed an Audit and Risk Committee and has delegated responsibility for establishing and maintaining a framework of internal control and ethical standards to this committee as outlined in the Audit and Risk Committee Charter, which is published on the Group's website.

The Audit and Risk Committee operates under its charter to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the Group. This includes internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes, the safeguarding of assets, the mitigation of business risks, the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial and operational information.

The Audit and Risk Committee also provides the Board with additional assurance regarding the reliability of financial information included in the financial reports.

All members of the Audit and Risk Committee are nonexecutive and independent directors and during the year were:

- Mr Robert Shaw (Chairman)
- Mr Richard Thomas
- Ms Leslie Martin (until 28 January 2016)
- Mr Donald McLay

The qualifications of the members and their attendance at meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee are disclosed in the Directors' report.

#### **Financial statement approval**

Prior to the approval of the Group's financial statements for each reporting period, the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) gave the Board a declaration that, in their opinion:

- The financial records have been properly maintained;
- The financial statements complied with the accounting standards and gave a true and fair view; and
- That opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Audit and Risk Committee reviews the Group's interim and annual financial reports and makes recommendations to the Board on adopting financial statements. The committee provides additional assurance to the Board with regard to the quality and reliability of financial information.

#### Annual General Meeting (AGM)

The AGM gives shareholders the opportunity to hear the CEO and Chairman provide updates on the Group's performance, ask questions and to express a view and vote on the various matters of the Group business on the agenda.

Live webcasting of the AGM is also conducted to allow shareholders to view and hear the proceedings of the meeting online.

Shareholders also have the opportunity to ask questions of the Group's external auditors at the meeting. The Group encourages shareholders to attend its AGM.

#### PRINCIPLE FIVE: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE Continuous disclosure

The Group's Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is published on its website, is designed to ensure compliance with disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules and to ensure accountability at senior executive level for that compliance.

This policy also allows the Group to ensure shareholders and the market are fully informed of its strategy, performance and details of any information or events that could have a material impact on the value of the Group's shares.

The CEO and the Company Secretary, in consultation with the Board, are responsible for the review, authorisation and disclosure of information to the ASX and for overseeing and co-ordinating information disclosure to the ASX, shareholders, brokers, analysts, the media and the public.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

#### PRINCIPLE SIX: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

#### **Communication with shareholders**

The Group recognises the rights of its shareholders and other interested stakeholders to have access to balanced, understandable and timely information concerning the operations of the Group. The CEO and the Company Secretary are primarily responsible for ensuring communications with shareholders are delivered in accordance with the rights of shareholders and the Group's policy of continuous disclosure.

The Security Holders' Rights and Communication Strategy Policy, available on the Group's website, sets out the communication strategy of the Group and includes:

- Electronic facilities

The Group maintains a website that provides information on its services and its business in general, as well as an investor relations section that contains information for shareholders of the Group. The Group's announcements are made on this website as well as the ASX website and there is a facility to lodge questions through the Group's website.

Formal reporting to shareholders

Formal reporting to shareholders is conducted through the interim report for the six months ended 31 December and the annual report for the financial year ended 30 June. The Group also releases market updates summarising the Group's performance during each quarter of the financial year.

– AGMs

The Group invites and encourages shareholders to attend and participate in these meetings and also provides live webcasting of its AGM to allow security holders to view and hear the proceedings of the meeting.

In addition, shareholders may communicate with the share registry, Boardroom Pty Limited (Boardroom), electronically. The relevant contact details are disclosed in the Shareholder Information section of the annual report.

A direct voting facility is provided through the Boardroom website to allow security holders to vote ahead of the meeting. Details of this facility are included in the Notice of AGM.

Shareholders who do not currently receive electronic communications from Boardroom may update their communication options via a secure, online service offered by Boardroom at www.investorserve.com.au.

#### PRINCIPLE SEVEN: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

#### Risk management

The Group has established a risk management policy to identify, assess, monitor and manage material business risks, both financial and non-financial, to minimise their impact on the achievement of organisational goals. Business risks comprise, but are not limited to, economic, technological, operational, legal, political and social risks. These specified risks are managed through the Group's risk management system and insurance program which are approved by the Board.

As mentioned in Principle four, the Audit and Risk Committee provides oversight on the risk framework and aggregated risk profiles at the Consolidated Group level. Management has been given the responsibility for the establishment, implementation and maintenance of the system of risk management, including measures of its effectiveness. Internal control systems and procedures are monitored and reviewed by the Group's compliance manager who reports his findings to the Audit and Risk Committee. The composition of the Audit and Risk Committee is detailed in Principle four and the attendance of members at the meetings of the committee is disclosed in the Directors' report.

The Group's Risk Management Policy is published on its website. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews the risk management framework annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and reports to the Board on the result of the review. Such a review was conducted in the 2016 financial year and a report was provided to the Board.

The Group has an internal audit process within the Compliance function. This process tests compliance to the various standards for which the Group is accredited or is required to comply with as well as internal controls associated with the Group's risk management framework.

The Group considers that, due to the nature of its activities, it has no material exposure to economic, environmental or social sustainability risks.

#### PRINCIPLE EIGHT: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Board has formed a Remuneration Committee to assist the Board in the design, implementation and monitoring of remuneration policies that meet the needs of the Group and enhance corporate and individual performance.

Its objective is to provide maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality Board and executive team by remunerating the directors and key executives fairly and appropriately with reference to relevant employment market conditions. To assist in achieving this objective, the Remuneration Committee links the nature and amount of directors' and key executives' emoluments to the Group's financial and operational performance. The expected outcomes of the remuneration structure are:

- Retention and motivation of key executives;
- Attraction of high quality personnel to the Group; and
- Performance incentives that allow executives to share in the success of the Group.

The Remuneration Committee Charter, which sets out its role and responsibilities, and the Remuneration Policy are published on the Group's website.

The members of the Remuneration Committee during the year were:

- Mr Simon Calleia (Chairman until 30 November 2015)
- Mr Eric Dodd (Chairman from 28 January 2016)
- Mr Donald McLay
- Ms Leslie Martin (appointed to committee on 28 January 2016)

The amount of remuneration for all Key Management Personnel (KMP), qualifications of the members and their attendance at meetings of the Remuneration Committee, are disclosed in the remuneration section of the Directors' report.

#### **Share Trading Policy**

The Group's Share Trading Policy governs when its directors and employees may deal in Credit Corp shares and the process which must be followed in respect of such dealings.

The Group's directors and employees are not permitted to deal in Credit Corp shares during any Blackout or Closed Periods:

- Two months immediately preceding the preliminary announcement of the Group's annual results until the commencement of the next trading day after the release of the annual results;
- Two months immediately preceding the announcement of the Group's interim results until the commencement of the next trading day after the release of the interim results; and
- Any other periods that the Board determines, in its absolute discretion, to be a Blackout or Closed Period, including due to there being undisclosed price sensitive information.

At any time outside the Blackout or Closed Periods, directors or employees may trade in Credit Corp shares where:

- Directors, excluding the Chairman, and KMP obtain the prior written clearance of the Chairman;
- The Chairman obtains prior written clearance from the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and, in the event that person is not available, the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee; and
- Other employees obtain prior written clearance from the Compliance Manager.

The Group's employees are only permitted to enter into margin loans secured against Credit Corp shares with the prior written approval of the Chairman. The Share Trading Policy is published on the Group's website.

#### NON-CONFORMANCE

All the best practice recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council have been applied for the entire financial year ended 30 June 2016, except for the following:

1. Recommendation 2.1

The Board assumes the role of a Nomination Committee as it believes minimal benefit will accrue to the Group through having a separate committee.

2. Recommendation 8.1

Recommendation 8.1 states that the Remuneration Committee should be chaired by an independent director. The Group's Remuneration Committee was formerly chaired by Mr Simon Calleia until his resignation as a director on 30 November 2015. Mr Simon Calleia's independence was affected by his role as a former executive of the Group. However it was not considered that his ability to perform the role of Remuneration Committee Chairman was adversely affected by these circumstances because Mr Simon Calleia ceased to hold an executive position in April 2005, and the executives in place at that time are no longer employed by the Group.

#### WEBSITE DISCLOSURE

Further information relating to the Group's corporate governance practices and policies has been made publicly available on the Group's website at www.creditcorp.com.au/ corporate/investors/corporate-governance.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the financial report of the Group and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors of the Group at any time during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report are:

Mr Donald McLay	Chairman, Director (Non-Executive) Age 66
Qualifications	Bachelor of Commerce, Chartered Accountant, Chartered Secretary and Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia.
Experience and expertise	Appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 31 March 2008 and has been Chairman since 30 June 2008.
	Mr McLay has more than 35 years' experience in financial markets, investment banking and broad business services.
Directorship of listed entity	Clime Investment Management Limited from 1 March 2015.
Special responsibilities	Mr McLay is Chairman of the Board and is a member of the Remuneration and Audit and Risk Committees.
Interest in shares	1,663,884 ordinary shares of Credit Corp Group Limited.
Mr Simon Calleia	Director (Non-Executive) Age 48
Qualifications	Bachelor of Commerce, Postgraduate Diploma in Applied Finance and Investment, Associate of Financial Services Institute of Australasia, member of the Australian Institute of Banking and Finance and Australian Institute of Company Directors.
Experience and expertise	Appointed as Managing Director in March 2000 and became a Non-Executive Director after he stepped down from his executive role in April 2005.
	Mr Calleia has extensive knowledge of the credit management industry. He has also held various roles in the banking, finance and insurance sectors.
Special responsibilities	Mr Calleia was Chairman of the Remuneration Committee up until his date of resignation on 30 November 2015.
Interest in shares	613,119 ordinary shares of Credit Corp Group Limited at the time of resignation.
Mr Eric Dodd	Director (Non-Executive) Age 64
Qualifications	Bachelor of Economics, Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and Australian Institute of Company Directors.
Experience and expertise	Appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 1 July 2009.
	Mr Dodd has extensive experience in insurance, finance and banking.
Directorships of listed entities	Ambition Group Limited from 18 March 2013 to 20 January 2014, SFG Australia Limited (previously named Snowball Group Limited) from 2 July 2010 to 21 August 2014 and Echoice Limited (previously named Firstfolio Limited) from 2 April 2012 to 27 March 2015.
Special responsibilities	Mr Dodd was appointed as Chairman of the Remuneration Committee on 28 January 2016
Interest in shares	5,000 ordinary shares of Credit Corp Group Limited.
Ms Leslie Martin	Director (Non-Executive) Age 61
Qualifications	Bachelor of Arts, Master of Business Administration and Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.
Experience and expertise	Appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 20 March 2014.
	Ms Martin has 30 years' experience in commercial banking in a number of countries and is a specialist in payments and corporate cash management.
Special responsibilities	Ms Martin is a member of the Remuneration Committee.
Interest in shares	5,123 ordinary shares of Credit Corp Group Limited.

Mr Robert Shaw	Director (Non-Executive) Age 74
Qualifications	Bachelor of Industrial Engineering, Master of Business Administration, Master of Professional Accounting, Justice of the Peace and Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.
Experience and expertise	Appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 31 March 2008.
	Mr Shaw has extensive knowledge in finance, financial analysis, audit committees and corporate governance.
Directorship of listed entity	Magontec Limited (previously named Advanced Magnesium Limited) since 4 March 2011.
Special responsibilities	Mr Shaw is Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee.
Interest in shares	5,245 ordinary shares of Credit Corp Group Limited.
Mr Richard Thomas	Director (Non-Executive) Age 71
Qualifications	Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.
Experience and expertise	Appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 22 September 2006. He was Acting Chairman between 11 February 2008 and 30 June 2008.
	Mr Thomas has more than 40 years' experience in the banking and finance industry in Australia, New Zealand and the United States.
Special responsibilities	Mr Thomas is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee.

The above named directors held office during the whole financial year and since the end of the financial year, except for Mr Simon Calleia, who resigned on 30 November 2015.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARIES**

The following persons held the position of Company Secretary during or since the end of the financial year:

Mr Thomas Beregi	Company Secretary
Qualifications	Bachelor of Economics, Bachelor of Laws (Hons) and Certified Practising Accountant.
Experience and expertise	Mr Beregi joined the Group on 3 September 2007 in the role of Chief Financial Officer. He was subsequently appointed to his current position of Chief Executive Officer on 1 October 2008. Prior to joining the Group, he was the Chief Operating Officer of Jones Lang LaSalle Australia.
	Mr Beregi was appointed as a Company Secretary on 21 September 2007.
Mr Michael Eadie	Company Secretary
Qualifications	Bachelor of Accounting, Master of Applied Finance, Certified Practising Accountant and Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia.
Experience and expertise	Mr Eadie joined the Group on 4 May 2009 as Finance Manager and was subsequently appointed Chief Financial Officer on 19 November 2010. He has previously held senior finance roles within major financial services organisations, including Macquarie Bank Limited.
	Mr Eadie was appointed as a Company Secretary on 17 March 2011.
Mr Geoffrey Templeton	Company Secretary
Qualifications	Member of the Australian Institute of Credit Management, Australian Institute of Mercantile Agents, Australian Institute of Human Resources and Governance Institute of Australia.
Experience and expertise	Mr Templeton joined the Group in 1987 and has held roles in operations, administration, accounting, payroll and human resources. He is currently the Compliance Manager for the Group.
	Mr Templeton was appointed as a Company Secretary on 5 May 2000.

#### **DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Group during the financial year were:

		Directors' meetings		Audit and Risk Committee		Remuneration Committee	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
Mr Donald McLay	12	12	3	3	2	2	
Mr Simon Calleia	6	4	_	_	1	1	
Mr Eric Dodd	12	12	_	_	2	2	
Ms Leslie Martin	12	10	2	2	1	1	
Mr Robert Shaw	12	11	3	3	_	_	
Mr Richard Thomas	12	12	3	3	_	-	

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activities of the Group during the course of the financial year were debt purchase and collection as well as consumer lending.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's activities during the financial year.

#### **REVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS**

#### Overview

The directors of the Group are pleased to report a strong performance for the year to 30 June 2016. Key highlights are as follows:

- 20 per cent growth in Net Profit After Tax (NPAT) to \$45.9 million;
- Strong consumer lending segment NPAT of \$6.1 million;
- Record investment of \$287 million to sustain growth; and
- A positive outlook across all businesses with financial year 2017 NPAT growth guidance of 13 to 18 per cent.

A strong increase in Purchased Debt Ledger (PDL) collections combined with significant growth in the loan book produced a 19 per cent increase in revenue. Growth from core domestic debt buying and significantly higher earnings from the consumer lending business delivered a 20 per cent increase in NPAT.

The debt buying business has benefited from ongoing operational improvement and increased purchasing. Collections increased by 12 per cent to a record \$322 million. Collection efficiency was maintained despite a 9 per cent increase in the productive workforce over the year. Collection effectiveness improved, with a 21 per cent increase over the prior year in the amount collected on PDLs purchased more than two years ago. Ongoing effectiveness will be underpinned by the recurring payment arrangement book, which grew by 12 per cent over the year to a face value of almost \$1.2 billion.

The consumer lending business demonstrated its earnings potential, with segment NPAT increasing to \$6.1 million from \$1 million in the prior year.

#### Purchasing

Operational improvement and the Group's exemplary compliance record, combined with a moderation in price growth, facilitated increased market share. All forward flow contracts were renewed during the year and some new volume was secured, with the result that PDL acquisitions were 63 per cent higher than the prior year.

#### **Consumer lending**

The consumer loan book grew by 35 per cent over the year to \$135 million. The Group's brands are well established, having been advertised consistently and served more than 100,000 individual consumers. As a consequence, new customer originations remain strong, while the enlarged customer base delivers increased lending to returning customers. Referral channels have also been established with prime lenders, providing another means of efficient customer acquisition.

The Group's offerings are uniquely sustainable with the lowest effective interest rates in the credit-impaired consumer segment. The Group does not offer any contentious products such as Small Amount Credit Contracts (SACCs) or 'payday loans'. The Group's compliance regime is strong and, unlike many other operators in the segment, the Group has not been the subject of any regulatory investigations or undertakings. The Group's products are unaffected by any current regulatory reviews or the impact of increased stakeholder scrutiny.

The loan book has now reached critical mass, which means that the Group can look forward to very strong profits and returns from the lending business. The lending business produced \$6.1 million in NPAT for the year, including \$4.7 million in the second half of the year. Lending segment return on assets (ROA) increased from 3 per cent in the first half to 9 per cent in the second half. Returns are expected to continue to improve in the 2017 financial year.

#### **US** operations

Strong progress has been made in the United States. An upgraded operating approach for the 2016 financial year purchases produced a 35 per cent improvement in collection efficiency on those purchases. Legal collections have started to track in line with internal targets. These improvements enabled a significant increase in purchasing and reduced losses by 10 per cent over the prior year. The US operations are now expected to achieve monthly breakeven during the second half of the 2017 financial year.

While market conditions remain unchanged, with little indication that major issuers who withdrew from sale will return over the next six months, there are some positive signs for the Group. The market is increasingly compliance-focussed, resulting in further industry consolidation and the rationalisation of debt buying panels of credit issuers. In addition, major debt buyers have recently reported lower prices for charged off debts and improved returns. The Group is well-positioned to benefit from these developments.

#### 2017 outlook

A positive outlook across all businesses means that NPAT growth in the range of 13 to 18 per cent is expected for the 2017 financial year. Elevated purchasing in 2016 and a strong purchasing pipeline for financial year 2017 will drive increased collections and earnings from the debt buying business. In accordance with commentary provided above, NPAT from the lending segment is expected to grow significantly.

#### **CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS**

During the financial year there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group other than those referred to in the financial statements or notes thereto.

#### **DIVIDENDS PAID OR RECOMMENDED**

Dividends paid or declared to shareholders since the end of the previous financial year were:

Declared and paid during the year 2016	Cents per share	Total \$'000	Date of payment
Interim 2016 ordinary	23.00	10,752	24 Mar 16
Final 2015 ordinary	22.00	10,233	30 Oct 15
Total		20,985	

After the balance date the following dividend was proposed by the directors:

#### Declared after end of year

Final 2016 ordinary	27.00	12,687	28 Oct 16

The financial effect of this dividend has not been brought to account in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016 and will be recognised in the 2017 financial report.

#### EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

In the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report there has not been any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature that is likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Group, to significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS**

The Group's operations are minimally affected by environmental regulations.

#### **INDEMNIFYING OFFICERS OR AUDITOR**

The Group has provided indemnities to the current directors (as named above), the company secretaries (Mr Thomas Beregi, Mr Michael Eadie and Mr Geoffrey Templeton) and all executives of the Group against liabilities incurred as a director, secretary or executive officer to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Group will meet the full amount of any such liabilities, including costs and expenses.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred by an officer or auditor.

These indemnities were in place both during and after the end of the financial year.

These potential liabilities are insured with the premiums paid by the Group. The insurance contract prohibits disclosure of any details of the policy and the premium paid.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **NON-AUDIT SERVICES**

The following non-audit services were provided by the Group's auditor, Hall Chadwick. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The nature and scope of each type of non-audit service provided means that auditor independence was not compromised. All non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the Audit and Risk Committee prior to commencement of the audit to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor.

Details of the amounts paid to Hall Chadwick for non-audit services provided during the year are set out below:

Services other than statutory audit:	
Other services:	
<ul> <li>Taxation compliance services</li> </ul>	11,000
- Other services	14,400
Total	25,400

\$

#### **PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP**

No person has applied for leave of the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group or intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or any part of those proceedings.

#### AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2016 has been received and can be found on page 27 of the financial statements.

#### **ROUNDING OFF**

The Group is an entity to which ASIC Class Order 98/100 applies and, accordingly, amounts in the financial statements and Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT - AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

This remuneration report sets out remuneration information for key management personnel (KMP), which includes directors and senior executives, for the year ended 30 June 2016 and is prepared and audited in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### A. THE BOARD'S AND THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE'S ROLES IN REMUNERATION

The Board is responsible for the structure of directors' and senior executives' remuneration and maximising the effectiveness of remuneration in the creation of long-term shareholder value.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing and developing remuneration policies and practices on behalf of the Board. Executive remuneration levels are reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee in line with the Remuneration Policy and with reference to market movements.

The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board in respect of:

- Recruitment, retention and termination policies and procedures for senior executives;
- Senior executive remuneration packages, including annual incentive and long-term incentive plans; and
- Director remuneration levels and framework.

The performance review of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is undertaken by the Chairman of the Board, reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board. The performance reviews of other executives are undertaken by the CEO and approved by the Remuneration Committee.

#### B. KMP

The remuneration report sets out the remuneration details for the Group's KMP. The table below outlines the KMP and their movements during the 2016 financial year:

Name	Position	Term as KMP
Non-executive directors		
Mr Donald McLay	Chairman	Full financial year
Mr Simon Calleia	Non-Executive Director	Ceased 30 November 2015
Mr Eric Dodd	Non-Executive Director	Full financial year
Ms Leslie Martin	Non-Executive Director	Full financial year
Mr Robert Shaw	Non-Executive Director	Full financial year
Mr Richard Thomas	Non-Executive Director	Full financial year
Senior executives		
Mr Thomas Beregi	Chief Executive Officer	Full financial year
Mr Matthew Angell	Chief Operating Officer	Full financial year
Mr Michael Eadie	Chief Financial Officer	Full financial year

#### C. SENIOR EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

#### a) Remuneration Policy

The Group's Remuneration Policy is designed to ensure that remuneration outcomes are aligned with the long-term success of the Group. During the 2016 financial year, the remuneration structure was reviewed to ensure this objective would continue to be met in the context of an ASX 200 company.

While changes were made to the Long-Term Incentive (LTI) during the year, the overall remuneration structure remains broadly unchanged:

- Senior executive fixed remuneration packages in line with those paid for roles with equivalent responsibilities by companies
  of a similar market capitalisation;
- A Short-Term Incentive (STI) payable only on achievement of annual financial and strategic targets;
- An LTI paid in the form of performance rights potentially converting to deferred vesting shares, based on the following:
  - 50 per cent based on exceeding financial targets over a three-year strategic planning cycle; and
  - 50 per cent based on market performance relative to the ASX 200 over the same three-year cycle;
- No benefit under the LTI is payable if the Group's hurdle return is not achieved each year; and
- There continues to be no termination benefits payable under any contract.

The remuneration structure ensures that if the Group underperforms its earnings and / or return targets, no STI will be payable to executives. Under-performance over the medium term will also result in no performance rights under the LTI converting to deferred vesting shares.

The Board believes that the Group's remuneration framework encourages executives to maximise performance in the best interests of shareholders. Both STI and half of the LTI being linked directly to achieving earnings targets ensures that remuneration outcomes are substantially linked to earnings growth as the most direct driver of share price performance and shareholder returns. The other half of the LTI is directly linked to shareholder returns, based on market performance relative to the ASX 200.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT - AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT**

#### b) Contract details

All contracts with executives may be terminated by either party with agreed notice periods. Remuneration and other terms of employment are formalised in employment contracts. Details of these contracts are:

Name	Title	Term of agreement	Details
Mr Thomas Beregi	Chief Executive Officer (CEO)	Ongoing, 3 months' notice period	Fixed salary package of \$700,000, consisting of base salary and superannuation, reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee.
Mr Matthew Angell	Chief Operating Officer (COO)	Ongoing, 1 month notice period	Fixed salary package of \$400,000, consisting of base salary and superannuation, reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee.
Mr Michael Eadie	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	Ongoing, 1 month notice period	Fixed salary package of \$300,000, consisting of base salary and superannuation, reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee.

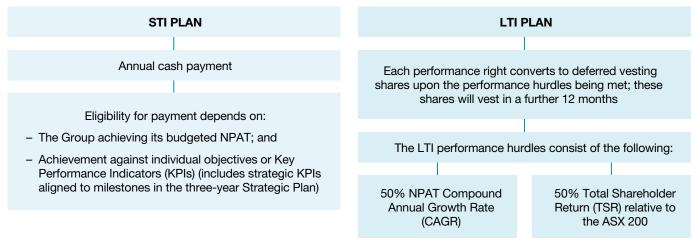
#### c) Remuneration structure

#### **FIXED REMUNERATION**

#### **BASE SALARY + SUPERANNUATION**

Set with reference to listed company benchmarks for equivalent roles determined by market capitalisation as well as breadth of operations.

#### VARIABLE REMUNERATION



The performance-based STI and LTI components are described in more detail below.

#### i) STI structure

The KPIs required to be achieved to be eligible for an STI award are annual operational and financial targets set before the start of each year. Targets are set at levels to achieve shorter-term financial and operational objectives aligned with the Group's longer-term strategic goals.

The following table outlines the major features of the 2016 STI plan:

Features	Description
Funding of STI pool	<ul> <li>The STI pool is funded if:</li> <li>The Group achieves its budgeted Net Profit before Tax (NPBT) before funding the STI; and</li> <li>The Group complies with its banking covenants.</li> </ul>
Minimum criteria required to be achieved before any payments are made	<ul> <li>If the STI pool is funded, the proportion of each individual's targeted STI which is paid depends on:</li> <li>Satisfactory performance against individual KPIs; and</li> <li>Satisfactory performance against individual job accountabilities.</li> </ul>
Maximum STI that can be earned	The maximum amount varies and the range is between 54 per cent and 100 per cent of base salary. The amount is set at the start of the year by the Remuneration Committee and is approved by the Board.
KPIs	<ul> <li>Individual KPIs are set annually; and</li> <li>Subject to funding of the STI pool, the maximum STI is eligible to be paid when satisfactory performance against KPIs is achieved.</li> </ul>
Role accountabilities	<ul> <li>Individual performance against role accountabilities is also assessed; and</li> <li>Subject to funding of the STI pool and achievement of KPIs, the maximum STI is eligible to be paid when satisfactory performance against role accountabilities is achieved.</li> </ul>
Performance period	1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016
Approval	Post the completion of the annual financial statement audit and performance review process, in September 2016 the proportion of the targeted STI payable to each executive will be determined by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board.
Payment timing	September 2016
Form of payment	Cash
Terminating executives	There is no mandatory STI entitlement where an executive's employment terminates prior to the payment date for the STI.

Performance of the Group against the 2016 STI NPAT hurdle is summarised as follows:

	Budget	Actual	Change
	\$'000	\$'000	%
NPAT	\$41,434	\$45,921	11%

The STI hurdle of a budgeted NPAT for 2016 of \$41.4 million represented an 8 per cent increase on the NPAT achieved in 2015 of \$38.4 million. The budget was exceeded by a further 11 per cent for an actual year-on-year increase in NPAT of 20 per cent.

As financial performance exceeded budget and banking covenants were complied with during 2016, the STI in respect of the 2016 year is eligible to be funded.

The remuneration report discloses the maximum STIs payable in respect of 2016. The actual STI payable to each executive will be a maximum of this amount and may reduce subject to the performance review process to occur in the first quarter of 2017. Each executive will be assessed on their individual performance against their KPIs and role accountabilities.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT - AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

#### **CEO'S KPIs**

A summary of the CEO's KPIs for 2016 is as follows:

Category	KPIs	Method of assessment	Weighting
Group performance	NPAT	Based upon the NPAT as per the Group's audited financial statements for the 2016 financial year versus budget.	30%
Growth	PDL acquisition targets	Purchasing volumes for the 2016 financial year and committed purchases for the 2017 financial year, in accordance with Board approved return criteria.	20%
	Consumer lending: business size and profitability metrics	Achievement of consumer loan book targets in the 2016 budget, maintenance of loan book loss rate and delivery of business cases for potential new lending products and markets.	25%
	US operational performance	Purchases from new US clients, ensuring US compliance and achievement of budgeted operational metrics.	15%
Financing / strategy	Progress of other strategic expansion initiatives	Review of adjacent market opportunities within lending and the core debt purchase business.	10%

The 2015 STI was paid during the 2016 financial year. No 2015 STIs were forfeited.

#### ii) LTI structure

The LTI is designed to align the interests of shareholders and executives by motivating and rewarding executives for achieving and exceeding 9 per cent compound annual earnings growth and producing strong shareholder returns over the medium to long term. The LTI aligns with the present three-year strategic planning cycle from 2016 to 2018.

The LTI is based on the following performance hurdles:

- Earnings-based hurdle (CAGR of NPAT); and
- Relative TSR against the performance of the ASX 200, excluding materials and energy shares.

Each hurdle operates independently and applies to 50 per cent of the potential LTI allocation. The earnings-based hurdle is subject to clawback conditions in the event of underperformance relative to the minimum 9 per cent NPAT CAGR required for any conversion of the performance rights to occur. Any deferred vesting shares will be clawed back based on their accounting or fair value at the time of the performance rights being issued. The clawback will be to the extent that the adjustment to NPAT is sufficient to result in a CAGR of 9 per cent either over the 2016 and 2017 financial years, or the three financial years from 2016 to 2018.

Relative TSR has been introduced as an additional LTI performance hurdle in line with the new strategic planning cycle from 2016 and represents 50 per cent of the potential LTI allocation. The Board believes this structure provides a balance between alignment of shareholder returns whilst mitigating the risk of excessive focus on share price performance.

The detailed features of the LTI are listed below:

Features	Description					
Issue of performance rights	Performance rights are issued to each participant at the start of the LTI plan in proportion to their level of participation in the LTI, as determined by the Remuneration Committee and the Board. The maximum fair value of the LTI pool is \$7.5 million over 3 years (\$2.5 million per year).					
	of performance hurdles. Performan deferred vesting shares in Novemb escrow period before vesting as w	conversion and vesting based on achievement nce rights will be allocated and converted into per each year and are subject to a 12-month vell as the potential clawback provision outlined vesting shares is subject to Board approval.				
Allocation		ts to senior executives, as set by the Board, for the 2016 to 2018 Strategic Plan				
	– COO 22 per cent					
	- CFO 11 per cent					
	The remaining 27 per cent of perfore executives not considered KMP.	ormance rights issued were allocated to 7 other				
Performance conditions	<ul> <li>The Group's NPAT needs to example.</li> <li>This is subject to the clawback</li> </ul>	ceed the Strategic Plan target in a given year. provision described below;				
	<ul> <li>A minimum return on equity (RC</li> </ul>	DE) of 15 per cent must be achieved; and				
	<ul> <li>Satisfactory performance by an executive against their job accountabilities as assessed in the annual performance review process described in the STI section above.</li> </ul>					
Vesting	<b>Relative TSR (50 per cent)</b> The proportion of performance right is as follows:	hts converting to deferred vesting shares				
	<ul> <li>50th percentile</li> </ul>	Nil				
	<ul> <li>50th – 75th percentile</li> </ul>	Pro rata nil – 100 per cent				
	<ul> <li>75th percentile</li> </ul>	100 per cent vesting				
	LTI plan. The TSR for each perform weighted average price (VWAP) du	easured on a cumulative basis over the three-year nance period is calculated using the volume uring the testing period, in order to mitigate the ns on the TSR calculation. The testing period is the ar of the Strategic Plan.				
		of the peer group for the purposes of determining up is comprised of the ASX 200 (excluding				
	NPAT CAGR (50 per cent) The proportion of awards vesting i	s as follows:				
	<ul> <li>9 per cent CAGR</li> </ul>	40 per cent				
	– >9 per cent, ≤13 per cent CAGF	R Pro rata 40 per cent – 100 per cent				
	<ul> <li>&gt;13 per cent CAGR</li> </ul>	100 per cent vesting				
		ndition is tested annually in September, following ear over the three-year Strategic Plan period.				
	The benefit of assessing earnings earnings growth over a three-year	on a CAGR basis is that it represents sustained period from 2016 to 2018.				

### DIRECTORS' REPORT - AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

Features	Description
Dividends	An LTI participant has no entitlement to dividends until the performance rights have been converted into deferred vesting shares.
Clawback provision	Unvested shares allocated for exceeding the NPAT CAGR hurdle of a minimum 9 per cent are subject to potential clawback, in the event of subsequent under- performance to the hurdle in either 2017 or 2018.
	There is no clawback of any TSR-related allocation if under-performance occurs in subsequent years.
Forfeiture	Forfeiture of an LTI participant's account will occur should they resign, be terminated by the Group for any reason, remain employed but no longer form part of the leadership group or be terminated from the plan for any reason.
	There is no mandatory LTI entitlement where an executive's employment terminates prior to the vesting date of an LTI benefit.
Alignment	The Group's LTI plan aligns the interests of shareholders and executives by:
	<ul> <li>50 per cent of the potential award being based on achieving and exceeding target cumulative earnings growth, with earnings growth being a critical driver of shareholder returns; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>50 per cent of the potential award using TSR as a performance hurdle, which directly aligns the financial interests of executives and shareholders by linking their reward to the Group's relative share price performance.</li> </ul>

The Remuneration Committee and the Board believe that LTI hurdles based on achieving or exceeding the NPAT CAGR targeted in the Group's TSR performance is a challenging objective for executives.

Relevant market data is consistent with this view:

- 1. Of the ASX 100 companies with an absolute earnings per share (EPS) performance measure in their executive LTI plan, the average CAGR hurdle in respect of the 2015 financial year was 4 to 6 per cent. Only 6 per cent of ASX 100 companies required minimum CAGR in NPAT in excess of the Group's minimal NPAT CAGR of 9 per cent.
- 2. The median CAGR for ASX 200 companies from the 2013 to 2015 financial years was 4.6 per cent and the average CAGR for the three-year period was (8.5 per cent). The minimum NPAT CAGR threshold of 9 per cent for the Group's earnings-based hurdle is well above this, setting a challenging target for the executives to achieve as a gateway.

There was an LTI program in place in respect of the 2013 to 2015 financial years, the details of which were previously disclosed. The final payments under this program in the form of cash and shares vested during the 2016 financial year.

#### LTI in respect of the 2014 and 2015 financial years

	Proportion vesting du	roportion vesting during the 2017 financial year A			n vesting in ancial years <sup>A</sup>	Current allocation (% of pool) <sup>B</sup>	Minimum value	Maximum value	
Year accrued	2014	2015	\$	2015	\$	%	\$	\$	
Senior executives									
Mr Thomas Beregi	1/3	1/3	664,276	1/3	663,634	40.1%	-	1,327,910	
Mr Matthew Angell	1/3	1/3	369,041	1/3	368,686	22.3%	-	737,727	
Mr Michael Eadie	1/3	1/3	176,056	1/3	175,887	10.6%	-	351,943	

A The deferred vesting shares will vest equally in each of 2017 and 2018 financial years, subject to ongoing tenure as a company executive and continued performance.

B Each participant's allocated percentage portion of the pool. The allocations are fixed and were determined by the Remuneration Committee as part of the approval of the LTI plan.

#### d) Remuneration outcomes

The Board believes the Group's remuneration structure, in particular the STI and LTI, have continued to ensure a significant proportion of remuneration is only payable as a result of the achievement of sustained earnings growth.

Details of the Group's performance, share price and dividends over the past five years are summarised in the table below:

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Earnings					
Total revenue (\$'000)	226,742	191,049	173,998	142,577	124,590
NPAT (\$'000)	45,921	38,411	34,765	31,986	26,578
Change in NPAT (%) <sup>A</sup>	20%	10%	16%	12%	26%
5-year NPAT CAGR (%)	15%				
Shareholder value					
Share price at the end of the year (\$)	12.01	12.17	8.70	9.40	5.79
Change in share price (\$)	(0.16)	3.47	(0.70)	3.61	1.04
Total dividends paid / declared (cents)	50	44	40	37	29
ROE (%)	23%	23%	23%	24%	23%

A Change in NPAT (%) refers to the movement in underlying NPAT.

#### **D. DIRECTOR REMUNERATION**

#### a) Remuneration Policy

The Group's Director Remuneration Policy is designed to provide fair remuneration that is appropriate to their responsibilities, performance, knowledge and skills that align with the business strategy to ensure the long-term success of the Group. Fees for directors are fixed and are not linked to the performance of the Group. This is to ensure the independence of the directors.

Remuneration levels of comparable companies are reviewed annually for benchmarking purposes and allowance is made for various factors, including demands on time, the level of commitment required and any special responsibilities. An annual aggregate cap of \$0.9 million was approved by the shareholders at the 2012 AGM.

#### b) Contract details

The remuneration structure is set out below:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Chairman	190,000	190,000
Director and Committee Chairman	105,000	105,000
Director and Committee member	95,000	95,000
Director	85,000	85,000

The above remuneration does not include the 9.5 per cent (2015: 9.5 per cent) statutory superannuation entitlement.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT - AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

#### E. REMUNERATION TABLES AND DATA

The remuneration for each KMP of the Group during the year was:

	_	Short-term benefits				Post- employment benefits	Long-term benefits		
		Salary and fees	Short-term incentive A	Non- monetary benefits	Total	Super- annuation	Long-term incentive <sup>B</sup>	Total	Proportion of remuneration performance related
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Directors									
Mr Donald McLay									
Non-Executive Director	2016	190,000	-	18,083	208,083	18,050	-	226,133	-
Chairman	2015	190,000	_	16,892	206,892	18,050	-	224,942	-
Mr Simon Calleia <sup>c</sup>									
Non-Executive Director	2016	44,423	-	-	44,423	4,220	-	48,643	-
	2015	105,000	-	-	105,000	9,975	-	114,975	-
Mr Eric Dodd <sup>D</sup>									
Non-Executive Director	2016	99,115	-	-	99,115	9,416	-	108,531	-
	2015	95,000	-	-	95,000	9,025	-	104,025	-
Ms Leslie Martin									
Non-Executive Director	2016	95,000	-	-	95,000	9,025	-	104,025	-
	2015	91,115	-	-	91,115	8,656	-	99,771	_
Mr Robert Shaw									
Non-Executive Director	2016	105,000	-	-	105,000	9,975	-	114,975	-
	2015	105,000	-	-	105,000	9,975	-	114,975	
Mr Richard Thomas									
Non-Executive Director	2016	95,000	-	-	95,000	9,025	-	104,025	-
	2015	95,000	-	-	95,000	9,025	-	104,025	-
Senior executives									
Mr Thomas Beregi									
Chief Executive Officer	2016	636,615	490,500	18,083	1,145,198	31,663	877,315	2,054,146	67
Company Secretary	2015	463,025	490,500	16,892	970,417	29,725	995,451	1,995,593	74
Mr Matthew Angell									
Chief Operating Officer	2016	353,365	272,500	18,083	643,948	28,173	487,395	1,159,516	66
	2015	250,000	272,500	16,892	539,392	23,750	553,028	1,116,170	74
Mr Michael Eadie									
Chief Financial Officer	2016	264,131	130,000	18,083	412,214	25,092	232,530	669,836	54
Company Secretary	2015	210,000	130,000	16,892	356,892	19,950	263,830	640,672	61
Total remuneration	2016	1,882,649	893,000	72,332	2,847,981	144,609	1,597,240	4,598,830	54
	2015	1,604,140	893,000	67,568	2,564,708	138,131	1,812,309	4,515,148	60

A The STI is prepared on an accrual basis and has been recorded above at 100 per cent of the maximum potential payment. Individual performance reviews to be conducted after the finalisation of the 2016 audited consolidated financial statements will determine the final entitlement.

B The LTI is prepared on an accrual basis. It is payable in the form of performance rights, convertible into deferred vesting shares upon achievement of the earnings-based and / or relative TSR performance hurdles.

C Mr Simon Calleia resigned as a director on 30 November 2015.

D Mr Eric Dodd was appointed Chair of the Remuneration Committee on 28 January 2016.

The salaries for the senior executives were reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and came into effect September 2015.

The relative proportions of the elements of remuneration of each KMP that are linked to performance:

	re	Fixed remuneration		Remuneration linked to performance	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Directors					
Mr Donald McLay	100%	100%	-	-	
Mr Simon Calleia	100%	100%	-	-	
Mr Eric Dodd	100%	100%	-	-	
Ms Leslie Martin	100%	100%	-	-	
Mr Robert Shaw	100%	100%	-	-	
Mr Richard Thomas	100%	100%	-	-	
Senior executives					
Mr Thomas Beregi	33%	26%	67%	74%	
Mr Matthew Angell	34%	26%	<b>66</b> %	74%	
Mr Michael Eadie	46%	39%	54%	61%	

#### F. KMP EQUITY HOLDINGS

#### a) Fully paid ordinary shares of Credit Corp Group Limited

The movements during 2016 in the number of ordinary shares in Credit Corp Group Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially by each KMP, including their related parties are:

	Opening balance at 1 July 2015	Changes during the year <sup>A</sup>	Closing balance at 30 June 2016
	Number	Number	Number
Directors			
Mr Donald McLay	1,708,308	(44,424)	1,663,884
Mr Simon Calleia <sup>B</sup>	612,152	967	613,119
Mr Eric Dodd	5,000	-	5,000
Ms Leslie Martin	5,000	123	5,123
Mr Robert Shaw	5,000	245	5,245
Mr Richard Thomas	9,984	2,600	12,584
	2,345,444	(40,489)	2,304,955
Senior executives			
Mr Thomas Beregi	170,108	(93,210)	76,898
Mr Matthew Angell	-	-	-
Mr Michael Eadie	57,843	29,546	87,389
	227,951	(63,664)	164,287
Total	2,573,395	(104,153)	2,469,242

A Other changes include shares granted via participation in the Deferred Employee Share Plan (DESP) and LTI plan, and shares purchased or sold directly on the ASX.

B Mr Simon Calleia resigned as a director on 30 November 2015. Closing balance is as at 30 November 2015.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT - AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

**Donald McLay** Chairman Date: 2 August 2016

RHY Mand

Robert Shaw Director

### AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

# HALL CHADWICK 🗹 (NSW)

Chartered Accountants and Business Advisers

#### CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED ABN 33 092 697 151 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

#### AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2016 there have been no contraventions of:

- i. the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Credit Corp Group Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

Hall Chadwick

Hall Chadwick Level 40, 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000

David Kenney Partner

Date: 2 August 2016

A member of AGN International Ltd, a worldwide association of separate and independent accounting and consulting firms

www.hallchadwick.com.au

#### SYDNEY • NEWCASTLE • PARRAMATTA • PENRITH • MELBOURNE • PERTH • BRISBANE • GOLD COAST • DARWIN

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

#### SYDNEY

Level 40 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

GPO Box 3555 Sydney NSW 2001

Ph: (612) 9263 2600 Fx : (612) 9263 2800

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Revenue	3	226,742	191,049
Finance costs		(3,548)	(1,332)
Employee benefits expense		(88,631)	(80,784)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(1,901)	(947)
Office facility expenses		(12,644)	(12,758)
Collection expenses		(13,895)	(10,679)
Consumer loan loss provision expense		(23,705)	(15,931)
Marketing expenses		(11,759)	(9,243)
Other expenses		(4,923)	(4,261)
Profit before income tax expense		65,736	55,114
Income tax expense	4	(19,815)	(16,703)
Profit for the year		45,921	38,411
Earnings per share for profit attributable to owners of the Company			
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	5	98.4	83.0
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	5	97.0	83.0

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 June 2016

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Profit for the year	45,921	38,411
Total comprehensive income for the year	45,921	38,411

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
	Note	<b>\$ 000</b>	<b>\$ 000</b>
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	2,542	6,301
Trade and other receivables	9	1,171	1,537
Consumer loans receivables	10	73,741	39,164
Purchased debt ledgers	11	115,203	65,720
Other assets	12	1,523	1,610
Total current assets		194,180	114,332
Non-current assets			
Consumer loans receivables	10	36,633	40,183
Purchased debt ledgers	11	138,112	99,207
Property, plant and equipment	13	6,277	1,874
Deferred tax assets	14	20,111	17,603
Intangible assets	15	800	800
Total non-current assets		201,933	159,667
Total assets		396,113	273,999
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	19,320	18,056
Current tax liabilities	14	10,705	1,743
Provisions	17	4,936	3,701
Total current liabilities		34,961	23,500
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	18	142,111	64,850
Provisions	17	4,943	5,539
Total non-current liabilities		147,054	70,389
Total liabilities		182,015	93,889
Net assets		214,098	180,110
Equity			
Issued capital	20	55,561	48,697
Reserves	22	2,188	
Retained earnings		156,349	131,413
Total equity		214,098	180,110

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	Issued capital \$'000	Reserves \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2015		48,697	-	131,413	180,110
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year		-	-	45,921	45,921
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Shares issued net of transaction costs	20, 31B	2,477	-	-	2,477
Performance rights issued net of transaction costs	22	-	2,188	-	2,188
Dividends paid or provided for	6	-	-	(20,985)	(20,985)
Dividend reinvestment plan net of transaction costs	20	4,387	-	-	4,387
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		6,864	2,188	(20,985)	(11,933)
Balance at 30 June 2016		55,561	2,188	156,349	214,098
Balance at 1 July 2014		47,109	-	112,446	159,555
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year		-	-	38,411	38,411
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Shares issued net of transaction costs	20, 31B	1,588	-	_	1,588
Dividends paid or provided for	6	_	-	(19,444)	(19,444)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		1,588	_	(19,444)	(17,856)
Balance at 30 June 2015		48,697	-	131,413	180,110

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers and debtors		377,857	326,290
Payments to suppliers and employees		(131,961)	(109,448)
Interest received on bank deposits		40	97
Interest paid		(3,548)	(1,332)
Income tax paid		(13,363)	(26,475)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets		229,025	189,132
Changes in operating assets arising from cash flow movements			
Net funding of consumer loans		(55,077)	(51,063)
Acquisition of purchased debt ledgers		(236,421)	(139,446)
Changes in operating assets arising from cash flow movements		(291,498)	(190,509)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	19	(62,473)	(1,377)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of plant and equipment		(1,970)	(864)
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		-	38
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(1,970)	(826)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		98,238	57,125
Repayment of borrowings		(20,956)	(31,959)
Dividends paid		(16,598)	(19,444)
Net cash inflow from financing activities		60,684	5,722
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,759)	3,519
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		6,301	2,782
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	8	2,542	6,301

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1: CORPORATE INFORMATION

The consolidated financial statements of Credit Corp Group Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Consolidated Group or the Group) for the year ended 30 June 2016 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 2 August 2016.

Credit Corp Group Limited is a for-profit company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares are publicly traded. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is Level 15, 201 Kent Street, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia.

The Consolidated Group is primarily involved in operations within debt ledger purchasing, which includes mercantile collections and consumer lending. Further information on the nature of the operations and principal activities of the Group is provided in the Directors' Report. Information on the Group's structure is provided in Note 23: Subsidiaries. Information on other related party relationships of the Group is provided in Note 30: Related party transactions.

The parent entity, Credit Corp Group Limited, has not prepared separate financial statements in this financial report as permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial information for the parent entity is disclosed in Note 34: Parent entity information.

#### NOTE 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using historical cost conventions, except for the cost of employee remuneration in the form of equity-settled transactions, which is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

Amounts in the financial report are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Group's functional currency and are rounded off in accordance with ASIC Class Order 98/100 to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim period, unless otherwise stated.

#### b) Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of all subsidiaries at 30 June 2016. Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

### c) Use of accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Consolidated Group.

#### Key estimates

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, the directors of the Consolidated Group are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Consolidated Group. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

#### i) PDLs

PDLs are recognised at fair value (generally the consideration paid) plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The interest rate method is applied at the level of individual PDLs by using an actuarially determined six-year cash collections forecast to determine an effective interest rate or implicit cash flow. This effective interest rate is used over the collection life cycle to apportion cash collections between the principal and interest components.

As a minimum, cash collections over the remainder of the six-year collection life cycle are actuarially reforecast each accounting period and any consequent adjustment to the carrying value is recognised in profit and loss on a net basis across all PDL tranches.

The appropriateness of the PDL carrying value is assessed by management and the Board by reviewing realised cash collections against ongoing forecasts and assessing cash flow generation more broadly. In 2016, the PDL asset turnover ratio (ratio of cash collections to average PDL carrying value) was 1.5x, significantly higher than other domestic and international listed company benchmarks. Refer to Note 11 for further details.

#### ii) Provisions

The Consolidated Group utilises estimates of the probable outflow of economic benefits based on contractual or expected legal obligations as a result of past events in recognising restructuring and employee benefit provisions. Loan provisions are based on estimated life of loan loss rates derived from a static pool analysis of the performance of loan products. These estimates are updated at each reporting date. Refer to Note 10 and Note 17 for more details.

# NOTE 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### iii) Share-based payments

The cost of employee remuneration in the form of equitysettled transactions in relation to the Group's Long-Term Incentive plan (LTI) is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model. That cost is recognised in employee benefits expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity (reserve), over the period in which the service and, where applicable, the performance conditions are fulfilled. This estimate requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model, including the expected life of the share option or appreciation right, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The Group uses a binomial tree methodology and Monte-Carlo simulation for the LTI. Refer to Note 31 for more details.

#### d) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency, being Australian dollars, using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of nonmonetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity; otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### e) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Consolidated Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of profit or loss. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Class of fixed asset	Years
Leasehold improvements	Period of the lease
Plant and equipment	2 to 5 years
Computer software	2.5 to 4 years

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets recognised by the Group consist of goodwill on consolidation and represent the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill with an indefinite useful life is not subject to amortisation and is tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss for the amount by which the asset's carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows, which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets referred to as cash generating units (CGUs).

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU (or group of CGUs), and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### g) Financial assets and liabilities

The Group's financial assets and liabilities consist of nonderivative financial assets and liabilities and share capital.

#### i) Non-derivative financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets mainly comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, consumer loans receivables and PDLs.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise bank deposits with maturities of less than three months and cash on hand that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in their fair value, and are used by the Consolidated Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for doubtful debts. Refer to Note 9 for more details.

# NOTE 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Consumer loans receivables

Consumer loans receivables are initially recognised at fair value of the loan written plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for expected loan losses. Given the nature of loans written, a lifetime expected loan loss provision is taken up upon initial recognition of a consumer loan receivable. Refer to Note 10 for more details.

#### PDLs

PDLs are recognised at fair value (generally the consideration paid) plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is adjusted for expected credit losses and at each reporting date all PDLs with similar characteristics are grouped and collectively assessed for any change in lifetime expected credit losses. Changes in expected credit losses are recognised in the profit or loss. Refer to Note 11 for further details.

#### ii) Non-derivative financial liabilities

Financial liabilities mainly comprise loans and borrowings. Such liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising the original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

#### iii) Share capital

#### Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

#### h) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. All borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### i) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Consolidated Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

#### j) Employee benefits

#### i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries expected to be settled within 12 months represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided to the end of the reporting period. These are presented as payables and measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled, plus on-costs.

#### ii) Long-term obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave is presented in employee benefits provisions and measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bonds at the end of the reporting period with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future payments.

#### iii) Equity-settled compensation

The Consolidated Group provides benefits to employees in the form of share-based payment transactions whereby employees render services in exchange for rights over shares.

The fair value determined at grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period at a maximum of three years, based on the Consolidated Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value of the performance rights is measured using a combination of binomial tree methodology and Monte-Carlo simulation. At the end of each reporting period, the Consolidated Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of sharebased payments are set out in Note 31.

#### k) Income tax

#### i) Current tax

Current tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date. Current tax liabilities are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to the relevant taxation authority.

#### ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for taxable temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. No deferred income tax is recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the assets are realised or the liabilities are settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at balance date. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related assets or liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Consolidated Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The Consolidated Group operates in various tax jurisdictions, including Australia, New Zealand and the United States.

# NOTE 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I) Tax consolidation

Credit Corp Group Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation legislation. The head entity, Credit Corp Group Limited, and its subsidiaries in the tax consolidated group account for their own current and deferred tax accounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a standalone taxpayer in its own right.

The Consolidated Group has entered a tax funding arrangement whereby each company in the Consolidated Group contributes to the income tax payable in proportion to their contribution to the Group's taxable income. Any difference between the amounts assumed and amounts receivable or payable under the tax funding agreement is recognised as a contribution to (or distribution from) wholly-owned tax consolidated entities.

#### m) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In this case, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities that are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

#### n) Revenue

The major components of revenue are recognised as follows:

#### Interest revenue from PDLs

Revenue from PDLs represents the component designated as interest income through the application of the effective interest method.

#### Interest and fee income from consumer lending

Interest income is recognised when the payments are received and fees are recognised as income over the life of the loan. Direct loan origination costs are netted against fee income over the life of the loan.

#### o) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2016 reporting period. The Consolidated Group's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below:

## AASB 15 Revenue from contracts with customers (effective 1 January 2018)

AASB 15 *Revenue from contracts with customers* clarifies the principles for recognising revenue from contracts with customers. It applies to all contracts with customers except leases, financial instruments and insurance contracts. The Group intends to apply the standard from 1 July 2018 and does not expect any significant impacts.

#### AASB 16 Leases (effective 1 January 2019)

AASB 16 *Leases* provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessees and lessors.

The accounting model for lessees will require lessees to recognise all leases on balance sheet, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

AASB 16 applies to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The Group anticipates that the application of AASB 16 in the future may have a material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of AASB 16 until the Group performs a detailed review.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 3: REVENUE		
Interest revenue from purchased debt ledgers	171,102	152,465
Interest and fee income from consumer lending	53,418	35,862
Other interest received	40	97
Other income	2,182	2,625
Total	226,742	191,049

## NOTE 4: INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The major components of income tax expense in the consolidated profit or loss statement at the end of the year are as follows:

A) Income tax expense Current tax	(00.060)	(10.027)
Deferred tax	(22,363)	(19,937)
	2,508	3,306
Overprovision / (underprovision) in respect of prior years	40	(72)
Total	(19,815)	(16,703)
D) Numerical reconciliation between tax evenese and are tax accounting profit		
B) Numerical reconciliation between tax expense and pre-tax accounting profit Profit for the year	65,736	55,114
Prima facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities before income tax at 30% (2015: 30%)	(19,721)	(16,534)
Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Other non-deductible items	(134)	(97)
	(19,855)	(16,631)
Overprovision / (underprovision) in respect of prior years	40	(72)
Income tax expense	(19,815)	(16,703)
Applicable weighted average effective tax rate	30%	30%
	2016	2015
NOTE 5: EARNINGS PER SHARE		
Basic earnings per share (cents)	98.4	83.0
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	97.0	83.0
Weighted average number of ordinary shares – basic ('000)	46,689	46,260
Add: Adjustment for calculation of diluted earnings per share (performance rights) ('000)	639	_
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June – diluted ('000)	47,328	46,260

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing profit for the year by the weighted average number of shares on issue over the year.

### **Performance rights**

Performance rights first granted in the 2016 financial year under the Group's LTI plan are considered to be potential ordinary shares and have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share. The rights have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Details relating to the rights are set out in the Remuneration Report and Note 31.

	Cents per share	<b>Total \$'000</b>	Franked / unfranked	Date of payment
NOTE 6: DIVIDENDS PAID AND PROPOSED				
The following dividends were declared and paid by the Company:				
Year ended 30 June 2016				
Interim 2016 ordinary	23.00	10,752	Franked	24 Mar 16
Final 2015 ordinary	22.00	10,233	Franked	30 Oct 15
Total		20,985		
Year ended 30 June 2015				
Interim 2015 ordinary	22.00	10,185	Franked	6 Mar 15
Final 2014 ordinary	20.00	9,259	Franked	3 Oct 14
Total		19,444		
After 30 June 2016 the following dividends were proposed by the direct are no income tax consequences.	ors. The dividends ha	ave not bee	n provided for a	and there
Final 2016 ordinary	27.00	12,687	Franked	28 Oct 16
			2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>Franking account</b> Balance of franking account at year end adjusted for franking credits ari of provision for income tax and franking debits arising from payment of			92,410	79,121
Subsequent to year end, the franking account would be reduced by the			(5,437)	(4,365)
Total	<u> </u>		86,973	74,756
			2016 \$	2015 \$
NOTE 7: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION				
Audit services				
Audit and review of financial reports			181,000	170,000
Services other than statutory audit				
Other services				
Taxation compliance services			11,000	8,250
Other appricase			14,400	7,700
Other services			000 400	185,950
Total			206,400	105,350
			206,400 2016 \$'000	2015
			2016	2015 \$'000

The Consolidated Group's exposure to interest rate risk and a sensitivity analysis of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 32.

2016	2015
\$'000	\$'000

## NOTE 9: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Total	1,171	1,537
	666	613
Less: Provision for impairment	(68)	(106)
Other receivables	734	719
	505	924
Less: Provision for impairment	(1)	(25)
Trade receivables	506	949
Current		

#### **Provision for impairment**

A provision for impairment is recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade receivable is impaired. These amounts have been included in other expenses.

Movement in the provision for impairment		
Opening balance	(131)	(128)
Charge for the year	62	(3)
Closing balance	(69)	(131)

Trade receivables that remain within initial trade terms are considered to be of high credit quality. At balance date trade receivables of \$0.13 million (2015: \$0.16 million) were outside initial trade terms but not impaired. It is expected these past due amounts will be received.

No trade receivables are recognised at balance date that are past due and deemed impaired. The Consolidated Group has provided a loss allowance of \$0.001 million at reporting date (2015: \$0.025 million).

### NOTE 10: CONSUMER LOANS RECEIVABLES

#### Current

Consumer loans receivables	89,700	48,736
Less: Provision for expected loan losses	(15,959)	(9,572)
	73,741	39,164
Non-current		
Consumer loans receivables	45,253	50,886
Less: Provision for expected loan losses	(8,620)	(10,703)
	36,633	40,183
Total	110,374	79,347

Opening balance	(20,275)	(16,601)
Net movement for the year	(4,304)	(3,674)
Closing balance	(24,579)	(20,275)

Provision for expected loan losses are recognised based on life of loan loss rates derived from static pool analysis of the performance of loan products. These estimates are updated on an ongoing basis.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 11: PURCHASED DEBT LEDGERS		
Current	115,203	65,720
Non-current	138,112	99,207
Total	253,315	164,927

PDLs are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method in accordance with AASB 9 Financial Instruments.

The effective interest rate is the implicit interest rate based on forecast collections determined in the period of acquisition of an individual PDL and equates to the Internal Rate of Return (IRR) of the forecast cash flows without any consideration of collection costs.

## NOTE 12: OTHER ASSETS

NOTE IZ. OTHER ASSETS				
Prepayments			1,144	1,328
Inventory			379	282
Total			1,523	1,610
	Plant & equipment	Computer software	Leasehold improvements	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
NOTE 13: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
A) Cost or valuation				
Year ended 30 June 2016				
Opening balance	3,149	788	203	4,140
Additions	908	158	5,238	6,304
Closing balance	4,057	946	5,441	10,444
Year ended 30 June 2015				
Opening balance	2,547	587	203	3,337
Additions	663	201	_	864
Disposals	(61)	_	-	(61)
Closing balance	3,149	788	203	4,140
B) Accumulated depreciation or amortisation				
Year ended 30 June 2016				
Opening balance	(1,632)	(483)	(151)	(2,266)
Depreciation / amortisation for the year	(876)	(122)	(903)	(1,901)
Closing balance	(2,508)	(605)	(1,054)	(4,167)
Year ended 30 June 2015				
Opening balance	(876)	(343)	(121)	(1,340)
Depreciation / amortisation for the year	(777)	(140)	(30)	(947)
Disposals	21	-	-	21
Closing balance	(1,632)	(483)	(151)	(2,266)
C) Carrying amounts				
At 1 July 2015	1,517	305	52	1,874
At 30 June 2016	1,549	341	4,387	6,277
At 1 July 2014	1,671	244	82	1,997
At 30 June 2015	1,517	305	52	1,874

					2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 14: TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
Non-current assets						
Deferred tax assets					20,111	17,603
Current liabilities						
Tax liabilities					10,705	1,743
	As	sets	Liab	ilities	N	et
	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to:						
Provision for employee benefits	1,531	2,090	-	_	1,531	2,090
Provision for leases	1,433	682	-	-	1,433	682
Provision for impairment of trade receivables	-	8	-	-	-	8
Provision for expected loan losses	7,374	6,083	-	-	7,374	6,083
Accruals on wages and bonuses	916	1,143	-	-	916	1,143
Accrual on employee share plan	1,373	664	-	-	1,373	664
Difference between accounting and tax depreciations	571	415	-	-	571	415
Other accruals not tax deductible until expense incurred	6,913	6,518	-	-	6,913	6,518
Net tax assets	20,111	17,603	-	_	20,111	17,603

		Recognised	Recognised in other	
	Opening balance	in profit co or loss	mprehensive income	Closing balance
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Movement in temporary differences during the year				
Year ended 30 June 2016				
Provision for employee benefits	2,090	(559)	-	1,531
Provision for leases	682	751	-	1,433
Provision for impairment of trade receivables	8	(8)	-	-
Provision for expected loan losses	6,083	1,291	-	7,374
Accruals on wages and bonuses	1,143	(227)	-	916
Accrual on employee share plan	664	709	-	1,373
Difference between accounting and tax depreciations	415	156	-	571
Other accruals not tax deductible until expense incurred	6,518	395	-	6,913
Total	17,603	2,508	_	20,111
Year ended 30 June 2015				
Provision for employee benefits	1,722	368	-	2,090
Provision for leases	718	(36)	_	682
Provision for impairment of trade receivables	13	(5)	_	8
Provision for expected loan losses	4,980	1,103	_	6,083
Accruals on wages and bonuses	1,389	(246)	_	1,143
Accrual on employee share plan	884	(220)	_	664
Difference between accounting and tax depreciations	562	(147)	-	415
Other accruals not tax deductible until expense incurred	4,029	2,489	-	6,518
Total	14,297	3,306	_	17,603

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 15: INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
A) Carrying amounts		
Opening balance	800	800
Closing balance	800	800

### B) Impairment testing for cash-generating unit containing goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated wholly to the Consolidated Group's mercantile collections operating unit, which represents the lowest level within the Consolidated Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. The Consolidated Group assesses for impairment at least semi-annually in accordance with the accounting policy as described in Note 2(f).

## NOTE 16: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Current		
Unsecured liabilities		
Trade payables	774	1,332
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	18,546	16,724
Total	19,320	18,056

The Consolidated Group's exposure to liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 32: Financial risk management.

## **NOTE 17: PROVISIONS**

Current

	3,888	3,392
	1,048	309
	4,936	3,701
	1,216	3,574
	3,727	1,965
	4,943	5,539
	9,879	9,240
Employee	Lease	Total
		4,936 1,216 3,727 4,943 9,879

	benefits	provisions	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Year ended 30 June 2016			
Opening balance	6,966	2,274	9,240
Additional provisions	1,695	4,708	6,403
Amounts used	(3,557)	(2,207)	(5,764)
Closing balance	5,104	4,775	9,879

## Nature of provisions

Employee provisions include costs accrued for employee annual leave, long service leave and LTI.

Lease provisions include provisions raised for lease incentive accounting, make good requirements under operating leases of office space, straight-line allocation of lease expenses and onerous lease provisions.

						2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 18: BORROWINGS							
Non-current							
Secured liabilities							
Bank loan						142,111	64,850
			2016			2015	
	_	Facility limit	Fair value	Carrying amount	Facility limit	Fair value	Carrying amount
	Expiry	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Secured bank loan	1 July 2020	150,000	142,111	142,111	75,000	64,850	64,850

The total facility is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of a number of entities in the Consolidated Group.

The Consolidated Group entered into a new bank loan facility on 17 February 2016, with a total facility limit of \$150 million expiring on 1 July 2020.

The amended facility requires compliance with various undertakings. These include compliance with minimum Tangible Net Worth (TNW) and maximum Loan to Valuation Ratio (LVR) requirements. The minimum TNW undertaking is set as the greater of \$167.7 million and 85 per cent of the TNW at the end of the preceding financial year. The maximum LVR is 60 per cent of the carrying value of PDLs in the consolidated accounts and 60 per cent of the carrying value of eligible consumer loans.

All undertakings under the bank loan facilities, including the TNW and LVR requirements, were complied with.

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 19: CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
A) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit after income tax			
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit for the year		45,921	38,411
Non-cash items			
- Foreign currency revaluation		-	(4)
- Net loss on disposal of plant and equipment		-	2
- Leasehold incentive		(4,334)	_
– Depreciation		1,901	947
- Income tax expense	4	19,815	16,703
- Share-based payments		4,665	1,588
(Increase) / decrease in assets			
- Purchased debt ledgers		(88,407)	(6,506)
- Consumer loans receivables		(31,027)	(32,866)
- Trade and other receivables		366	(83)
– Other assets		87	(135)
Increase in liabilities			
- Trade and other payables		1,264	5,935
– Provisions		639	1,106
		(49,110)	25,098
Income tax paid		(13,363)	(26,475)
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(62,473)	(1,377)

#### B) Non-cash investing and financing activities

During the 2016 financial year, the Group entered into a lease agreement for its Sydney head office at 201 Kent Street. The Group elected to receive fit-out incentives in July 2015, and these were accounted for in accordance with Interpretation 115 *Operating Leases – Incentives*.

In accordance with the Group's DRP offer, \$4.39 million was reinvested by shareholders and not paid out in cash.

C) Reconciliation of cash			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	2,542	6,301

.....

	Nete	2016	2015
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
NOTE 20: ISSUED CAPITAL			
46.99 million (2015: 46.30 million) fully paid ordinary shares		55,561	48,697
Issued capital			
Opening balance		48,697	47,109
Shares issued during the year:			
– LTI	31	2,477	1,588
– DRP		4,387	-
Total		55,561	48,697

The Consolidated Group does not have a fixed authorised capital or par value for its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid. Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares on issue.

	2016 Number '000	2015 Number '000
Fully paid ordinary shares		
On issue at 1 July	46,297	46,132
Shares issued during the year:		
– DRP	471	-
– Employee share scheme	222	165
On issue at 30 June	46,990	46,297

The Consolidated Group issued 221,585 ordinary shares to the employee share trust in respect of the LTI plan in September 2015. The objectives of this form of remuneration are to encourage the retention of executives and ensure their interests are aligned with those of the shareholders in the creation of long-term shareholder value.

Refer to Note 31 for further details on the LTI plan.

### NOTE 21: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Consolidated Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Consolidated Group's overall strategy for capital management based on the following principles remains unchanged from 2015:

- Ensuring all capital is invested or reinvested to achieve the hurdle return on equity;
- Ensuring sufficient capital is available to sustain the operations of the Group;
- Gearing levels are maintained at relatively modest levels in line with the risk of the business and to provide headroom to grow the business; and
- Any excess cash that accumulates and is unable to be reinvested at the hurdle return is generally returned to shareholders.

The Consolidated Group's bank loan facility requires compliance with various undertakings. These are described in Note 18. By maintaining gearing at a relatively modest level, the Consolidated Group generally maintains significant covenant headroom.

The composition of the capital of the Group and the gearing ratios for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are as follows:

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Borrowings	18	142,111	64,850
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	8	(2,542)	(6,301)
Net debt		139,569	58,549
Total consumer loans and PDLs		363,689	244,274
Gearing ratio		38%	24%

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 22: RESERVES		
Equity-settled employee benefits reserve	2,188	_

Reserves relate to performance rights granted by the Consolidated Group to executives and senior management under its LTI plan. Performance rights are issued to each participant and are eligible for conversion and vesting based on achievement of performance hurdles. Refer to Note 31 for further details on the LTI plan.

		Percentag	ge owned
	Country of incorporation	2016	2015
NOTE 23: SUBSIDIARIES			
Interests in subsidiaries are:			
Alpha Credit Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Alupka Holdings Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Car Start Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Certus Partners Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Creditcorp BPC Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Australia Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Brokering Services Pty Limited <sup>A</sup>	Australia	100	_
Credit Corp Collections Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Collections Agency Inc.	United States	100	100
Credit Corp Collections Agency US Holdings Inc.	United States	100	100
Credit Corp Collections US Holdings Inc.	United States	100	100
Credit Corp Employee Share Administration Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Facilities Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Financial Services Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Financial Services Holdings Inc. <sup>A</sup>	United States	100	-
Credit Corp Financial Services Inc. <sup>A</sup>	United States	100	_
Credit Corp Financial Solutions Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Group US Collections GP	United States	100	100
Credit Corp Leasing Pty Limited A	Australia	100	-
Credit Corp Lending Pty Limited A	Australia	100	_
Credit Corp New Zealand Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Queensland Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Receivables Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Recoveries Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Services (NH) Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Services Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Services Malaysia Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Services US Collections Inc.	United States	100	100
Credit Corp Services US Holdings Inc.	United States	100	100
Credit Corp Solutions Inc.	United States	100	100
Credit Corp US Collections Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Corp Western Australia Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Credit Plan B Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Malthiest Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Personal Insolvency Management Pty Limited	Australia	100	100
Torbige Pty Limited	Australia	100	100

A Incorporated during 2016.

## NOTE 24: OPERATING SEGMENTS

## A) Financial reporting by segments

The Consolidated Group has two main operations: debt ledger purchasing and consumer lending. The chief decision maker of the Group, the CEO, reviews the operating segments' results on an ongoing basis to assess performance and allocate resources.

The reportable segments are as follows:

## a) Debt ledger purchasing

The business purchases consumer debts at a discount to their face value from credit providers with the objective of recovering amounts in excess of the purchase price over the collection life cycle of the receivables.

### b) Consumer lending

The business offers various financial products to credit-impaired consumers.

Following is the information provided to the CEO:

Following is the information provided to the CEO:			Tabaldan
	Debt ledger purchasing	Consumer lending	Total for continuing operations
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Year ended 30 June 2016			
Segment revenue			
External revenue	173,203	53,539	226,742
Segment result			
Segment profit	62,476	8,709	71,185
Finance costs			(3,548)
Depreciation and amortisation expense			(1,901)
Profit before income tax expense			65,736
Income tax expense			(19,815)
Profit after income tax expense			45,921
Other information			
Acquisition of capital assets	1,809	161	1,970
Segment assets	315,541	60,461	376,002
Unallocated assets			20,111
Total assets			396,113
Segment liabilities	27,529	1,670	29,199
Unallocated liabilities			152,816
Total liabilities			182,015
Year ended 30 June 2015			
Segment revenue			
External revenue	155,040	36,009	191,049
Segment result			
Segment profit	55,992	1,401	57,393
Finance costs		, -	(1,332)
Depreciation and amortisation expense			(947)
Profit before income tax expense			55,114
Income tax expense			(16,703)
Profit after income tax expense			38,411
Other information			
Acquisition of capital assets	687	177	864
Segment assets	177,049	79,347	256,396
Unallocated assets		,	17,603
Total assets			273,999
Segment liabilities	25,501	1,795	27,296
Unallocated liabilities		-	66,593
Total liabilities			93,889

## NOTE 24: OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

## B) Geographical information

The Consolidated Group materially operates in one geographic segment, Australia.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 25: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		
The Group had contingent liabilities in respect of:		
Licensure bonds	2,703	2,049
Licensure bonds are issued in the normal course of business to the State Boards of Collect guarantee collected funds are remitted to clients under contracts.	tion Agencies in the United Sta	ates to
NOTE 26: LEASING COMMITMENTS		
Operating lease commitments		
Leases as lessee Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial stateme	ents:	
Payable		
Within one year	4,956	4,381
Between one and five years	9,997	14,759
Later than five years	-	_
		19,140

Operating leases are entered into to meet the business needs of entities of the Consolidated Group. Leases are primarily in respect of commercial premises and plant and equipment.

Lease rentals are determined in accordance with market conditions when leases are entered into.

### NOTE 27: CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Within one year	92,000	60,000

The Consolidated Group is committed, through existing arrangements, to acquire PDLs that will become available in the coming months. The details of these arrangements are commercially confidential, however, the estimated investment is expected to be \$92 million (2015: \$60 million). These purchases will be funded by existing cash flows and bank facilities currently in place.

### NOTE 28: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2016 that significantly affected or may significantly affect in future years:

- The operations of the Consolidated Group;
- The results of those operations; or
- The state of affairs of the Consolidated Group.

2016	2015
\$	\$

## NOTE 29: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of the KMP of the Consolidated Group is set out below:

Short-term employee benefits	2,847,981	2,564,708
Post-employment benefits	144,609	138,131
Other long-term benefits	1,597,240	1,812,309
Total	4,589,830	4,515,148

## NOTE 30: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Consolidated Group is Credit Corp Group Limited.

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

There were no transactions between the KMP and the Consolidated Group other than as disclosed in Note 29 and in the Directors' report.

### NOTE 31: SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

## A) Employee share plans

## LTI

There was an LTI plan in place in respect of the 2013 to 2015 financial years, the details of which were previously disclosed. The final payments under this program in the form of cash and shares vested during the 2016 financial year.

Details of shares issued under this LTI plan during the year ended 30 June 2016 are as follows:

	Issue date	Fair value \$	Number of shares
LTI	25 Sep 15	11.18	221,585

The Consolidated Group has a new LTI plan for executives and senior employees for the 2016 to 2018 financial years. In accordance with the plan, performance rights are issued to each participant at the start of the LTI plan in proportion to their level of participation in the LTI, as determined by the Remuneration Committee and the Board. The maximum fair value of the LTI pool is \$7.5 million over 3 years (\$2.5 million per year).

Performance rights are eligible for conversion and vesting based on achievement of performance hurdles. Performance rights will be allocated and converted into deferred vesting shares in November each year and are subject to a 12-month escrow period before vesting as well as the potential clawback provision. Please refer to the remuneration report for further details on the Group's LTI plan. The aggregate amount recognised and included in the financial statements is disclosed in Note 22.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
B) Share-based payment transactions		
Shares granted during the year		
LTI	2,477	1,588

### NOTE 32: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Consolidated Group's financial assets and liabilities consist mainly of PDLs, consumer loans receivables, deposits with banks, trade and other receivables, payables and borrowings.

The Consolidated Group does not engage in the trading of derivative instruments.

The main risks the Consolidated Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are market risk (including foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk and credit risk.

The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments. They are managed and measured consistently year-on-year.

## NOTE 32: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Consolidated Group holds the following financial instruments:

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	2,542	6,301
Trade and other receivables	9	1,171	1,537
Consumer loans receivables	10	110,374	79,347
Purchased debt ledgers	11	253,315	164,927
Total		367,402	252,112
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	19,320	18,056
Borrowings	18	142,111	64,850
Total		161,431	82,906

### A) Market risk management

#### a) Currency risk

Overseas operations expose the Consolidated Group to foreign exchange risk. This may result in the fair value of financial assets or liabilities fluctuating due to movements in foreign exchange rates of currencies in which the Consolidated Group holds overseas financial assets and liabilities.

Fluctuations in the United States dollar, New Zealand dollar and the Philippines peso relative to the Australian dollar may impact the Consolidated Group's financial results.

As at balance date, had the Australian dollar weakened or strengthened by 5 per cent against any or all of the above currencies, the impact on both profit for the year and equity would have been immaterial. This assumes all other variables remain constant.

### b) Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Group is exposed to interest rate risk as it borrows funds at floating interest rates.

### i) Profile

At balance date the interest rate profiles of the Consolidated Group's interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing financial instruments were:

			Fixed rest rate		oating est rate		interest aring	1	otal
	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	8	-	-	2,542	6,301	-	-	2,542	6,301
Trade and other receivables	9	-	-	-	-	1,171	1,537	1,171	1,537
Consumer loans receivables	10	110,374	79,347	-	-	-	-	110,374	79,347
Purchased debt ledgers	11	253,315	164,927	-	-	-	-	253,315	164,927
Total		363,689	244,274	2,542	6,301	1,171	1,537	367,402	252,112
Financial liabilities									
Trade and other payables	16	-	_	-	-	19,320	18,056	19,320	18,056
Borrowings	18	-	-	142,111	64,850	-	_	142,111	64,850
Total	-	-	-	142,111	64,850	19,320	18,056	161,431	82,906

## NOTE 32: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### ii) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of two percentage points in interest rates at balance date would have increased or decreased the Consolidated Group's equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. These sensitivities assume all other variables remain constant.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Change in net profit after tax		
Increase in interest rates by two percentage points	(1,990)	(908)
Decrease in interest rates by two percentage points	1,990	908
Change in equity		
Increase in interest rates by two percentage points	(1,990)	(908)
Decrease in interest rates by two percentage points	1,990	908

### **B) Liquidity risk management**

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Consolidated Group might encounter difficulties in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations relating to financial liabilities. Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Consolidated Group's short-, medium-, and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Consolidated Group manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- Preparing forward-looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operating, investing and financing activities;
- Monitoring undrawn credit facilities;
- Maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- Managing credit risk related to its financial assets;
- Investing surplus cash only with major financial institutions; and
- Comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The following tables reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities. The timing of cash flows represented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates and does not reflect management's expectation that banking facilities will be rolled forward.

	Note	< '	1 year	1 – 2	years	> 2	years	т	otal
		2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables	16	19,320	18,056	-	_	-	_	19,320	18,056
Borrowings	18	-	-	-	-	142,111	64,850	142,111	64,850
Total		19,320	18,056	-	_	142,111	64,850	161,431	82,906

## NOTE 32: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security at balance date, for recognised financial assets is the net of any provisions for impairment or losses, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

The Consolidated Group does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single debtor or group of debtors. Management has a Credit Policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

		2016	2015
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Exposure to credit risk			
The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	2,542	6,301
Trade and other receivables	9	1,171	1,537
Consumer loans receivables	10	110,374	79,347
Purchased debt ledgers	11	253,315	164,927
Total		367,402	252,112
AA-rated counterparties		2,542	6,301
Counterparties not rated		364,860	245,811
Total		367,402	252,112

The Consolidated Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on the above financial assets at the balance date by type of counterparty was:

Government	85	158
Banks	2,791	6,827
Other	364,526	245,127
Total	367,402	252,112

## D) Fair value versus carrying amounts

For all assets and liabilities, the fair value approximates the carrying value.

## NOTE 33: CROSS GUARANTEE

Pursuant to ASIC Class Order 98/1418 dated 13 August 1998, the wholly-owned subsidiaries listed below are relieved from the *Corporations Act 2001* requirements for preparation, audit and lodgement of financial statements and Directors' report.

It is a condition of the Class Order that the Company and each of the participating subsidiaries enter into a Deed of Cross Guarantee. The effect of the Deed is that the Company guarantees to each creditor payment in full of any debt in the event of winding up of any of the subsidiaries under certain provisions of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The subsidiaries subject to the Deed are:

- Alpha Credit Pty Limited
- Alupka Holdings Pty Limited
- Car Start Pty Limited
- Certus Partners Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Australia Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Brokering Services Pty Limited (entered during the 2016 financial year)
- Credit Corp Collections Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Employee Share Administration Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Facilities Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Financial Services Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Leasing Pty Limited (entered during the 2016 financial year)
- Credit Corp Lending Pty Limited (entered during the 2016 financial year)
- Credit Corp New Zealand Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Queensland Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Receivables Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Recoveries Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Services Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Services (NH) Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Services Malaysia Pty Limited
- Credit Corp US Collections Pty Limited
- Credit Corp Western Australia Pty Limited
- Credit Plan B Pty Limited
- Creditcorp BPC Pty Limited
- Malthiest Pty Limited
- Personal Insolvency Management Pty Limited
- Torbige Pty Limited

## NOTE 33: CROSS GUARANTEE (CONTINUED)

Set out below is the statement of profit or loss and the statement of financial position comprising the Company and its subsidiaries that are parties to the Deed, after eliminating all transactions between these parties, at balance date.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
A) Statement of profit or loss		
Revenue	219,260	186,817
Finance costs	(3,548)	(1,332)
Employee benefits expense	(78,739)	(73,747)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(1,712)	(748)
Office facility expenses	(11,509)	(11,374)
Collection expenses	(11,340)	(9,098)
Consumer loan loss provision expense	(23,705)	(15,931)
Marketing expenses	(11,759)	(9,243)
Other expenses	(3,501)	(4,413)
Profit before income tax expense	73,447	60,931
Income tax expense	(22,146)	(18,372)
Profit for the year	51,301	42,559
B) Other comprehensive income		
Profit for the year	51,301	42,559
Total comprehensive income for the year	51,301	42,559
C) Movements in retained earnings		
Opening balance	88,924	65,809
Dividends recognised during the year	(20,985)	(19,444)
Net profit attributable to parties in the Deed of Cross Guarantee	51,301	42,559
Closing balance	119,240	88,924

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
NOTE 33: CROSS GUARANTEE (CONTINUED)		
D) Statement of financial position		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,353	5,760
Trade and other receivables	957	1,252
Consumer loans receivables	73,901	39,164
Purchased debt ledgers	68,577	65,489
Other assets	1,471	1,462
Total current assets	147,259	113,127
Non-current assets		
Consumer loans receivables	36,472	40,183
Purchased debt ledgers	160,573	91,712
Property, plant and equipment	6,023	1,497
Deferred tax assets	18,343	17,603
Intangible assets	800	800
Total non-current assets	222,211	151,795
Total assets	369,470	264,922
Current liabilities		
	31,620	51,588
Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities	8,937	1,743
Provisions	4,870	
Total current liabilities	4,870 45,427	3,581 56,912
		50,912
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	142,111	64,850
Provisions	4,943	5,539
Total non-current liabilities	147,054	70,389
Total liabilities	192,481	127,301
Net assets	176,989	137,621
Equity		
Issued capital	55,561	48,697
Reserves	2,188	-
Retained earnings	119,240	88,924
Total equity	176,989	137,621

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
	\$ 000	φ 000
NOTE 34: PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION		
A) Statement of comprehensive income		
Profit for the year	42,580	40,277
Other comprehensive income	-	_
Total comprehensive income for the year	42,580	40,277
B) Statement of financial position		
Assets		
Current assets	179,781	102,388
Non-current assets	145,579	107,017
Total assets	325,360	209,405
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	30,607	21,964
Non-current liabilities	147,054	70,389
Total liabilities	177,661	92,353
Net assets	147,699	117,052
Equity		
Issued capital	55,561	48,697
Reserves	2,188	-
Retained earnings	89,950	68,355
Total equity	147,699	117,052

## **C)** Contractual commitments

At balance date the parent entity has not entered into any material contractual agreements for the acquisition of property, plant or equipment other than as separately noted in the financial statements (2015: nil).

## DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Credit Corp Group Limited, the directors of the Company declare that:

- A) The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 5 to 55 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and:a) Give a true and fair view of the Consolidated Group's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for
  - the year ended on that date; andb) Comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which, as stated in Accounting Policy Note 2 to the financial statements,
  - constitute explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.
- B) In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- C) The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

At the date of this declaration, the Company is within the class of companies affected by ASIC Class Order 98/1418. The nature of the Deed of Cross Guarantee is such that each company party to the Deed guarantees to each creditor payment in full of any debt in accordance with the Deed of Cross Guarantee.

In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company and the companies to which the ASIC Class Order applies, as detailed in Note 33 to the financial statements, will, as a group, be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject to by virtue of the Deed of Cross Guarantee.

R74 Mand

**Donald McLay** Chairman Date: 2 August 2016

Robert Shaw

Director

Chartered Accountants and Business Advisers

## CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED ABN 33 092 697 151 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITITES

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Credit Corp Group Limited (the Company), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the Consolidated Entity comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

In our opinion:

- (a) the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated Entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - i. giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations* Regulations 2001
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2(a).

### **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibility* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

A member of AGN International Ltd, a worldwide association of separate and independent accounting and consulting firms

www.hallchadwick.com.au

#### SYDNEY • NEWCASTLE • PARRAMATTA • PENRITH • MELBOURNE • PERTH • BRISBANE • GOLD COAST • DARWIN

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

SYDNEY

Level 40 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

GPO Box 3555 Sydney NSW 2001

Ph: (612) 9263 2600 Fx : (612) 9263 2800

### CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED ABN 33 092 697 151 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITITES

### Carrying value of purchased debt ledgers \$253.3 Million Refer to Note 11 Purchased Debt Ledgers

The carrying value of purchased debt ledgers is mainly dependent on the forecast collections and the internal rate of return that determines the net realisable value of the debt ledgers.

We focussed on this area as a key audit matter due to amounts involved being material; the inherent subjectivity of the key assumptions and the difficulties in reliably measuring these assumptions included the estimated internal rate of return and forecast cash collections.

#### Our procedures included, amongst others:

We have tested the mathematical accuracy of the model used to calculate the carrying value of purchased debt ledgers.

We have checked and validated that the determined internal rate of return remains unchanged over the life of the debt.

We have assessed, challenged and compared to historical actuals, key forward looking assumptions including forecast cash collections.

We have performed sensitivity analysis in relation to the key forward looking assumptions.

We have assessed the adequacy of the disclosures outlining the uncertainty relating to forecast cash collections.

### Provision for expected losses on the consumer loans (\$24.6 Million) Refer to Note 10 Consumer Loans Receivables

The net carrying value of consumer loans receivables is measured at amortised cost after providing for expected losses.

Past arrears and write-offs are analysed to determine an expected loss curve by product which is used to determine the estimated life of loan and expected loss levels to be provided against each product. Levels of provisions are updated for the most recent expected life of loan loss estimates at each reporting date.

We focussed on this area as a key audit matter due to amounts involved being material; the inherent subjectivity and difficulties in reliably measuring the key forward looking assumptions being a deterioration in credit risk and future loan defaults.

### Our procedures included, amongst others:

We have tested the mathematical accuracy of the expected credit loss model.

We have assessed the application of the Group's model for impairment that considers the past arrears and write offs and the expected life of loan loss estimates.

We have assessed, compared to historical actuals and challenged management's view of credit risk that impacts the recognition of expected losses upon initial recognition over the life of the loans.

We have performed sensitivity analysis in relation to the key forward looking assumptions.

We have assessed the adequacy of the disclosures outlining the uncertainty relating to expected loan losses.

## CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED ABN 33 092 697 151 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITITES

#### **Other Information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Consolidated Entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2016, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Director's Responsibility for the Financial Report**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australia Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 2(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated Entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

## CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED ABN 33 092 697 151 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITITES

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report.

The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Consolidated Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a matter that achieves fair presentation.

We obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Entity to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Consolidated Entity audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, amongst other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements. We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED ABN 33 092 697 151 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITITES

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial report of the current period and are therefore key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Report on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the remuneration report included in pages 17 to 26 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with s 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

### Opinion

In our opinion the remuneration report of Credit Corp Group Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Hall Chadwick

Hall Chadwick Level 40, 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000

DAVID KENNEY Partner Dated: 2 August 2016

## FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Income and expenditure					
Purchased debt ledgers collections	321,989	288,186	288,106	250,369	230,442
Less: Purchased debt ledgers amortisation	(150,887)	(135,721)	(136,242)	(119,451)	(108,439)
Interest revenue from purchased debt ledgers	171,102	152,465	151,864	130,918	122,003
Interest and fee income from consumer lending	53,418	35,862	19,104	4,954	750
Other revenue	2,222	2,722	3,030	6,705	1,837
Total revenue	226,742	191,049	173,998	142,577	124,590
NPAT	45,921	38,411	34,765	31,986	26,578
Financial position					
Current assets	194,180	114,332	76,881	64,060	60,689
Non-current assets	201,133	158,867	148,837	116,168	85,492
Intangible assets	800	800	800	800	800
Total assets	396,113	273,999	226,518	181,028	146,981
Current liabilities	34,961	23,500	23,339	25,229	17,926
Non-current liabilities	147,054	70,389	43,624	16,007	7,073
Total liabilities	182,015	93,889	66,963	41,236	24,999
Net assets	214,098	180,110	159,555	139,792	121,982
Borrowings	142,111	64,850	38,497	9,537	-
Shares on issue ('000)	46,990	46,297	46,132	45,933	45,571
Cash flows					
From operating activities	(62,473)	(1,377)	(11,413)	10,420	38,739
From investing activities	(1,970)	(826)	(1,556)	(726)	(1,879)
From financing activities	60,684	5,722	11,121	(7,895)	(35,717)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash	(3,759)	3,519	(1,848)	1,799	1,143
Key statistics					
Earnings per share					
– Basic (cents)	98.4	83.0	75.4	69.8	58.4
– Diluted (cents)	97.0	83.0	75.4	69.8	58.4
Dividends per share (cents)	50.0	44.0	40.0	37.0	29.0
NPAT / revenue (%)	20%	20%	20%	22%	21%
ROE (%)	23%	23%	23%	24%	23%
NTA backing per share (cents)	453.9	387.3	344.1	302.6	265.9

## CORPORATE DIRECTORY

## **CREDIT CORP GROUP LIMITED**

ABN 33 092 697 151

The shares of Credit Corp Group Limited are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange under the trade symbol CCP, with Sydney being the home exchange.

### **Directors**

Mr Donald McLay Mr Eric Dodd Ms Leslie Martin Mr Robert Shaw Mr Richard Thomas

### **Company secretaries**

Mr Thomas Beregi Mr Michael Eadie Mr Geoffrey Templeton

### Head office and registered office

Level 15, 201 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

GPO Box 4475 Sydney NSW 2001 Australia

Telephone+61 2 8651 5000Fax1300 483 012Emailinvestorinfo@creditcorp.com.auWebsitewww.creditcorp.com.au

## Share registry

Boardroom Pty Limited Level 12, 225 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia Telephone +61 2 9290 9600 Fax +61 2 9279 0664 Email enquiries@boardroomlimited.com.au

Website www.boardroomlimited.com.au

## Auditor

Hall Chadwick Level 40, 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

 Telephone
 +61 2 9263 2600

 Fax
 +61 2 9263 2800

 Website
 www.hallchadwick.com.au



creditcorp.com.au